THE COLUMBIAN,
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance —$2 24 if not paid in advance and $2.50 if payment be delayed be. ond the year.
No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.
The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our J b Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8. 1876.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. X, NO. 36
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XII, NO. 39

Rates of Advertising.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.50	5.00	6.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	18.00
Four inches	6.00	9.00	11.00	15.00	25.00
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One column	30.00	35.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.
Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.
Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars.
Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Iram Derr, M. G. Hughes.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. Molleynolds.
Commissioners—John Herner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Staples.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—A. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Scott. O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles H. Paxton, President J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. R. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. J. McCron.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham,
Minister—Rev. J. S. McMurray.)
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Residence—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but every body welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. R. IKELER, Attorney at Law. Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5, Oct. 15, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market Streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. (Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder, Main street below Pine.

BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

LAST NOTICE.
Persons indebted to H. L. Diefenbach for printing or subscription to the COLUMBIAN are hereby notified that his books have for several months past been in the hands of the undersigned for collection, and that settlement of the same must be promptly made. All bills not paid on or before Oct. 1, 1876, will be collected by due process of law,
E. E. ORVIS.
sep. 1-tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,
Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.
Office over Kleim's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.
All calls night or day promptly attended to.
Apr.23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store.
Apr.23'75-tf

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building.
Sept. 15,1875.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. july1,'73—y

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House
Mar.6,'74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. BERVEY EWING SMITH.

A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. July1,'73—y

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Apr. 14,'76-1y.

E. B. LITTLE. ROB'T. B. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. B. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.
Agents for Continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18,'76-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., B. Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached.
October 8, '75-tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE,
Oct. 8,'75ly JOHN LAYCOCK, Prop'r.

NEW SALOON AND RESTAURANT.
The undersigned has opened a first-class Eating House in the Exchange Block, formerly occupied by B. Stohner, where his customers will find every thing in his line.
MILTON CHARLES.
Feb 18-9m.

C. M. BROWN,
has removed his Boot and Shoe Store from Brown's Hotel to 1st door above Wagonseller and Sharpless', Town da Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH.
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct 1,'75ly

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Opposite the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county
W. B. KOONS,
Oct. 8,'75-1y Proprietor.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
May 26—1y. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8,'75

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,700,000
Lancashire	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,500,000
American of Philadelphia	1,100 000
Atlas of Hartford	2 000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	231,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,925,000

March 26,'77—y

THE UNDERSIGNED, representing several of the most conservative and reliable American Fire Insurance Companies, would beg leave to offer his services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, requesting a reasonable share of the public patronage.
W. J. POWELL.
Bloomsburg, July 18, 1873. Office in Brower's Block.
July 21-6m.*

The Wall Street Indicator.
THIS WEEK'S ISSUE SENT FREE.
Contains Pictorial Illustrations of Bulls and Bears. Also, full and complete instructions how to operate in Stocks and Stock Privileges. Capital hits and suggestions. Also, a list of Valuable Premiums to Clubs. "Send for it."
BUCKWALTER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, P. O. Box 4317. 10 Wall St., New York City.
Mar. 31, '76.-1y

Columbia County
BANK,
OF BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.
Formerly the Bank of Espy, removed April first, 1876. Is conveniently located in the central part of the town, and does a general BANKING business.
Money received on deposit subject to check without notice. Special arrangements made with depositors, and interest allowed on time Deposits.
Issue Drafts on New York and Philadelphia.
Collections made on all important towns in the U. S., at lowest rates of exchange. Bonds and stocks bought and sold, and coupons collected. Every security given to depositors that can be offered by any Bank.
DISCOUNT DAYS:—Tuesday and Friday.
RATE, SIX PER CENT.
Aug. 20, '76-6m.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

DR. SWAYNE,
The discoverer and compounder of the far-famed
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry
and other valuable preparations, entered upon his professional career with the important advantage of a regular medical education in one of the oldest and best schools in Philadelphia, and, perhaps, in the world. He subsequently served a fulfull term of practice in the Philadelphia Dispensary, and for many years attended in the Hospital. In these institutions he enjoyed the most ample opportunities of obtaining an insight into diseases in all their various forms, as well as for ascertaining the best methods of their treatment. In offering, therefore, to the people of the United States the fruits of his extensive professional experience in the medical compounds as the best results of his skill and observation, he feels that he is but proffering a boon to every family throughout the land, resting, as he does, confidently in the merits and efficacious virtue of the remedies he herewith commends. The vast amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven "DOCTOR SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" the most efficacious remedy known, and it is admitted by our most eminent physicians, and all who have witnessed its wonderful healing properties. The WILD CHERRY in all ages of the world and in all countries where it is known has been justly celebratee for its wonderful medicinal qualities, but its great power to cure some of the worst and most distressing diseases among us was never fully ascertained until the experiments of that skilfull physician, Dr. Swayne, had demonstrated its high adaptation, in combination with Pine Tree Tar, and other equally valuable vegetable ingredients, which chemically combined renders it action tenfold more certain and beneficial in curing all diseases of the throat, breast and lungs. DR. SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY COMPOUND strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous and shattered constitution. If your druggist or storekeeper does not have it, do not be put off by any other remedy that may be offered, but send to us direct, and we will forward a half dozen to any address, freight paid, on receipt of the price, $1 per bottle, or $5 the half dozen. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice.

Ask Your Druggist for Them.

Females and all who value health should never be without DR. SWAYNE'S TAR AND SARSAPARILLA PILLS, as they purify the blood, remove all obstructions, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek. Female irregularities are restored to a healthy condition. They are a certain cure for Sick and Nervous Headache. As a Dinner Pill, nothing can exceed them: take one, two, or three, as may be found necessary; unlike others, they neither gripe, produce nausea, or any other unpleasant sensation, while they are as powerful as it is possible for a medicine to be and be harmless. These Pills cleanse out the disordered humors, enrich and purify the blood, remove all unhealthy humors and corrupt matter of the stomach and bowels, causing a perfectly healthy state of the liver, and are undoubtedly the best cathartic and antibilious medicine yet discovered; and we are determined that the sick shall have them at a price within the means of the poorest (25 cents a box or 30 Pills.) If your druggist or storekeeper has not got them, do not be put off by any others that may be offered in their place, but send to us direct, and we will forward by mail, on receipt of the price, 25 cents a box or five boxes for $1.

SKIN DISEASES.

Swayne's Ointment,
Is particularly adapted to all forms of skin diseases. Cures even when all other remedies and treatment fail.

Cures Tetter,	Scald Head,
Salt Rheum,	Ringworm,
Barbers Itch,	Pimples, Sores,
Prarie Itch	Army Itch,
Sore Heads,	Blotches, Scurvy,
Humors, Piles,	Chronic Erysipelas of the
All Eruptions,	face.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
Seems to cure every case, leaving the skin smooth and clear without a blemish behind.

Itching Piles
Is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, distressing itching, as though pin worms were crawling in or about the rectum, particularly at night when undressing, or in bed after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as winter, oftentimes shows itself around the private parts, and is not confined to males only, but is quite as frequent that females are sorely afflicted, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, proving distressing almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.
Dr. Swayne & Son:—Gentlemen—The box of Ointment you sent me by mail cured me entirely of Itching Piles, which I suffered with for five years. Enclosed find fifty cents for another box for a friend of mind. ANDREW J. BEACH.
Farmwell Station, Loudon Co., Va.

Rev. Isaac Holland, Webster, Taylor county W. Va. writes:
November 29, 1875—I have been a sufferer from Itching Piles. I procured a box of your ointment last spring which gave me instant relief, and feel confident it will effect a permanent cure. Enclosed find fifty cents, for which please send me another box by mail.

An Eruption of 8 Years Standing.
I was troubled with an eruption of eight years itching, intolerable at times; tried many preparations without finding relief. Through the use of Swayne's All-Healing Ointment I am entirely cured.
JOSEPH LAMBERT.
At Hortsman & Bros., 5th and Cherry, Phila.

I was entirely cured of Tetter
in its worst form by Dr. Swayne's All-Healing Ointment, and shall be happy to explain my case to all who may call upon me.
JAMES McKINLEY, West End Hotel, 23d Street, below Lombard, Philadelphia.
Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50 cents a box.
Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. No charge for advice.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
SWAYNE'S PANACEA,
celebrated all over the world for its remarkable cures of Scrofula, Mercurial and Syphilitic complaints, and in cases where Syphilitic Virus of the worst cases developments of Syphilis or Scrofula in the child nothing has ever proved so effectual in completely eradicating every vestige of these dangerous complaints and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood.
Be particular to obtain the genuine, as prepared by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 P. 6th St., Philadelphia. See that the name is spelled correctly, SWAYNE, as there are preparations of somewhat similar name in the market.

IS YOUR HAIR FALLING OUT
OR TURNING GRAY?
IF SO DO NOT FAIL TO USE

The most	London Hair Color Restorer
Reliable Hair	London Hair Color Restorer
Restorative ever	London Hair Co or Restorer
Introduced to the	London Hair Color Restorer
American	London Hair Color Restorer
People	London Hair Color Restorer
For Restoring	London Hair Color Restorer
Gray Hair and	London Hair Color Restorer
Preventing	London Hair Color Restorer
Baldness,	London Hair Color Restorer
The great	London Hair Color Restorer
Luxury of	London Hair Color Restorer
the Dress-	London Hair Color Restorer
Room.	London Hair Color Restorer

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore the natural secretions.
4. It will remove all dandruff and itching.
5. It will make the hair soft, glossy and flexible
6. It will preserve the original color to old age.
7. It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8. It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

75 Cents per Bottle.
6 bottles $4. Sent by express to any address on receipt of price.
Address orders to DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth Street, Phila., Pa., sole proprietors.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
June 25,'76—1y.

Miscellaneous.

IS SAMUEL J. TILDEN A REFORMER?

Testimony of the "New York Times."

PART I.

EXPLANATORY.

The newspaper from which the subjoined articles are copied is the identical *New York Times* now published in the city of New York under that name and title. The Samuel J. Tilden referred to in the following extracts is the Samuel J. Tilden who is the Democratic candidate for President. This explanation is deemed essential, because without it the readers of the *Times* would fail to recognize in the present "great apostle of sham reform" the very Samuel J. Tilden who but four years ago was called in the *Times* "an honest and high-toned Democrat," and "a gallant, conscientious and efficient foe to corruption." And lest it might be presumed, as the only rational solution to a transition so phenomenal, that the *Times* has become the property either of the late Canal Ring, or of William M. Tweed, or of Peter B. Sweeny, or of George G. Barnard, the impeached and disfranchised Judge—one and all the immortal enemies of Mr. Tilden, *not without cause*—it is but proper to state, incredible though the assertion may appear, that the persons who at present own and control the New York *Times* are the same parties who owned and controlled it at the various times when the articles that follow were published. After perusing these pages and comparing the panegyries that the *Times* sung so loudly and persistently four years ago, with the harsh diatribes with which its columns are at present teeming, the question that will naturally suggest itself to the reader is, "Did the *Times* speak falsely four years ago, or does it speak falsely now?"

The position assumed by the *Times* toward Mr. Tilden during the present campaign is not less absurd than if—simultaneously with its denunciatory articles against Mr. Tilden—it were to publish leading editorials lauding to the skies the honesty and integrity of William M. Tweed or Peter B. Sweeny. The *Times* is as consistent in its attacks on Mr. Tilden as it would be in praising the thieves in the late Tammany Ring.

The following extracts from the *Times*, published in that journal at a period when Mr. Tilden was a private citizen; when there existed not even the remotest probability of his holding any public office whatever; when if any person had prophesied that Mr. Tilden was destined to be the Governor of New York and the Democratic candidate for President of the United States, he would have been pronounced an idiot; and when no motive nor incentive was offered to distort the facts, or prejudice honest convictions—these extracts, published at such a time and under those conditions, in a leading Republican newspaper, are, beyond all question, entitled to the most implicit belief by all fair-minded men.

CHAPTER I.

DID MR. TILDEN ASSIST TWEED AND SWEENY IN PASSING THE "RING CHARTER" THRO' THE LEGISLATURE?

In 1870 the Tammany Ring, by corrupting the Legislature, secured the passage of what is now called the "Ring Charter," by which they were enabled to obtain undisputed control of the municipal government. It has been asserted, since the beginning of the present campaign, that although Mr. Tilden was fully aware of the nefarious scheme, he held his peace, stood aloof, and permitted its consummation without remonstrating against it. Hearken to the *Times* of August 17, 1871, in an editorial on the subject:

There were a few indignant protests against the scheme uttered by such high-toned Democrats as Samuel J. Tilden and others of his character, but they were without effect, for Tweed and Sweeny had the voters already bought up. OF ALL THE REPUBLICAN SENATORS, SENATOR THAYER ALONE IS ON RECORD AS VOTING AGAINST IT.

DID MR. TILDEN OBEY TWEED'S ORDERS?

On October 5, 1871, the Democratic State Convention assembled at Rochester to nominate State officers. There were two contending delegations from New York city: the Tweed and Sweeny delegation, or Tammany, and the anti-Tammany. As this Convention was held in the midst of the great excitement that succeeded the exposures of the enormous frauds perpetrated by the Ring, it was currently reported that the Tammany delegation would not be admitted to seats in the Convention. The day before the Convention met, the *Times* published the following from its correspondent at Rochester:

"The old guard are coming to the front again, and such men as Horatio Seymour, Samuel J. Tilden, Francis Kernan, and the like, *who have been thrust aside for years* past by the thieves and bullies of Tammany Hall, will to-morrow guide the councils of the Democracy."

Let the fact be noted and remembered that the *Times* here admits that Messrs. Seymour, Tilden and Kernan were thrust aside from the control of party politics in the State *for years*, by the scoundrels of the Tweed and Sweeny ring.

DO MR. TILDEN PROVE HIMSELF A SELFISH POLITICIAN?

In the *Times* of October 6, the *Times* in its report of the Convention, says:

"Mr. Tilden proceeded to denounce the Tammany organization, and declared that he would not this fall, vote for any of the nominations for Assembly made by that organization, and if that was undemocratic or irregular, he would resign his position as Chairman of the State Committee and retire to the boom of his plundered fellow citizens."

The *Times* in describing the effect of the above speech on the Convention, and the unpopular reception it met with, wrote:—

As further and conclusive evidence of this fact, it should be noted that when Mr. Tilden told the Convention that he should go back to New York and work and vote against every local candidate nominated by Tammany Hall, he was greeted with a storm of hisses, accompanied by very feeble applause.

And in the report of the proceedings of the same date, the following were the editorial comments of the *Times* on the course pursued by Mr. Tilden at the Convention:

There would be no doubt where a gentleman of Mr. Samuel J. Tilden's character would be found in such a contest as this. He tried every argument and every expedient to induce the Convention to come before the people with clean hands. No portion of the blame for the suicidal course of the Convention attaches to him. He did all that an honest and high-minded man could do to save his party from wallowing in Tweed's sty.

Indian Romance.

A TRUE STORY OF SPOTTED TAIL'S DAUGHTER.

A gentleman writing from Fort Laramie, Wyoming Territory, tells the following romantic story about the daughter of Spotted Tail, the famous Sioux chief, which we do not remember having seen in print. He says:

Twenty yards from the new hospital, on the hill overlooking Fort Laramie, are two Indian graves—i. e., coffins raised fifteen feet from the ground, on stout poles. One of these coffins contained the bones of a young daughter of Spotted Tail, the famous chief of the Sioux tribe, who died in 1764.

The tribe of Spotted Tail was at that time permanently located near this fort, and the chief and his family were treated with much consideration by the officers—volunteers. The young squaw was one of the fairest of the dusky maidens of her tribe. She was adored by her old father, and her hand sought by many of the warriors. Unfortunately for her, the charms of her dusky face and figure were not passed unnoticed by the pale faces, and a certain gay captain found opportunity to whisper pleasant nonsense in her ears. Moon-light strolls and wayside meetings were soon in order, and the flower of the Sioux began to sigh for the company of the gallant pale face. She made known her story of love to her father, and he immediately waited upon the young officer, and demanded his hand in marriage to his daughter. The captain's name was not Smith, however, and he was seemingly ignorant of the precedent of Pocahontas, for he positively declined the honor.

The old chieftain, more in sorrow than in anger, returned with the crushing news to his daughter. It was a burning sun to the "Fair Flower" of the Sioux. She dropped and began to wither, and her father, as a last resort, sent her to visit some relatives whose hunting grounds were on the Father of Waters, five hundred miles away. Her's was a disease, however, which change of scene and air did not affect, and she had been gone but a short time when a mounted messenger came to her father in breathless haste to summon him to the wigwam of death. Mounting his swiftest pony, he galloped madly over the plains, and then only reached his daughter's side in time to receive her dying request that she should be buried at Fort Laramie.

His promise was kept, and the broken hearted girl was raised to the last resting place amid one of the grandest displays ever witnessed on the plains; soldiers and Indians alike participated, and twenty Indian ponies were killed in her honor. The commanding officer of the fort gave his solemn promise to the old chief that the box containing his daughter's body should never be disturbed; this promise had been sacredly observed until two months since, when a meddling army surgeon, just before starting on an expedition with General Crook, emptied the coffin of its sacred contents, gave the bones to a subordinate, and ordered him to expose them to the sun occasionally during the summer, to bleach them, and upon his return he would refresh his anatomy with the skeleton.

Imagine the feeling of this sub one day not long since, upon being confronted by another surgeon, and the query, tremulously put, if he did not have the bones of Spotted Tail's daughter in his possession. He answered affirmatively, and was further questioned about the accompanying bedding, wrappings, trinkets, etc. This had all been burned, except two rings and bracelets, and Spotted Tail had just arrived for the purpose of removing the remains to his own agency. It was feared that if the desecration of the grave became known to him it would cause him to abandon his peaceful attitude and join his brethren on the war path.

Accordingly at dead of night the box was replaced, the bones deposited therein, such bedding, trinkets, etc., as could be mustered accompanied them, and fortunately next morning Spotted Tail left for Cheyenne, to be gone five days. During his absence, to cover the thing, a handsome coffin was made the bones placed therein, all removed to the hospital, as if to save trouble to the chief. On his return he visited the hospital, inspected the remains closely, expressed himself satisfied, and started with his precious burden for the Spotted Tail reservation.

An Anecdote of Sontag.

When the celebrated singer Henriette Sontag began her musical career she was subjected to the same annoyances and struggles that rising talent generally finds obstructing its pathway as it would race over the burning sands of life to the haven of fame and fortune. Nevertheless her debut in Vienna was most brilliant, spite of the enormous opposition that greeted her, yet the encouraging roar of the lions could not entirely drown the hissing of the snakes.

One of the most venomous of these was the falling favorite of the public, but still a very powerful rival, Amelia Steininger, whose vocal octavo had been considerably broken and reduced by dissipation, but she counted scores of admirers who were ready to defend her position by every means, fair or foul, in their power, and eventually succeeded in driving the dangerous rival of their 'Steininger' from the field.

Chagrined, if not humiliated, Sontag left Vienna harboring anything but friendly feeling toward Amelia Steininger. One morning, some years later, while she was in the glory of her triumph singing with the great tenor, Jager, and the never-to-be-forgotten buffo Spitzeder, at the Royal Theatre, Berlin, when riding along one of the main streets of Berlin she was attracted by hearing an Austrian song, familiar from childhood and home, sung on the street corner by a little girl about six years old, who led by the hand a forlorn-looking blind woman. It was a sad and touching air, and the happy cantatrice immediately ordered her coupe to be halted, calling the little singer to her and said:

"What is your name, my wee Austrian echo?"

"Nannie," the child replied, with a strong Vienna accent.

"And who is the woman with you?"

"My poor blind mother, lady."

"And what is her name?"

"Amelia Steininger," lady.

"Amelia Steininger," exclaimed Sontag in great surprise.

"Yes, lady; my mother was a great singer in Vienna long ago, but she lost her voice, and then she wept so much that the light went out of her eyes; then our friends turned away from us, and when that was also gone we were obliged to beg our way or die of hunger.

Tears swelled down from the kind and generous heart of the fortunate woman as she listened to the pathetic story of the little one—tears of genuine sympathy. She turned to the gallant gentlemen who gathered about her like satelites around their star.

"Gentlemen," said she, the pearling drops of heart dew glistening in her beautiful eyes, "permit me here on this public place to take up a collection for an unhappy sister from whom God has seen fit to take his greatest gift—the gift of sight. Here is my purse; do not allow it to remain companionless in the hands of this poor child."

In an instant the gold and silver coin rained upon the overjoyed little girl, who imagined an angel had come to relieve her mother from poverty and care.

"Now tell me, Nannie, where do you live?"

The child gave the address.

"Give your mother my love, and tell her that her old friend Henriette Sontag will do herself the pleasure of hunting her up this afternoon and having a little chat with her."

Crying for joy the child ran to her mother with her good luck, and repeated Sontag's words, but she could not understand the impetuous burst of tears that fell from the blind eyes, to be followed by remorseful sobbing of her who once drove this benefactress from her native city with hisses.

Sontag came according to promise, bringing a skillful occulist, who after an examination shook his grey head. He had no relief for the black cataract that had up to that time obstinately resisted skill.

With delicate consideration the conversation was led from the subject that would recall those days in Vienna. With heartfelt expressions of good will Sontag left her former enemy and rival. The following week a rousing benefit for a distressed artist was given, Sontag's *Iphigenie* filling the house, and also the purse of the blind woman. Until her death Henrietta Sontag cared for her, then her daughter became her graceful protege, and received a liberal education that fitted her for an independent future. The slumbering nightingale left many mourning hearts, but none who loved her better or more gratefully than this girl.—*Gartenlaub.*

Where They Left Him.

The other morning, as the conductor of a train going west from Detroit was passing around after tickets, he came to a man who waved him away with a very important air, at the same time remarking,

"Pass on, sir, pass on."

"I want your ticket," replied the conductor.

"Ticket, you hireling of anarchy!" shouted the man, puffing out his cheeks. "Sir, I own this road. I bought it just before leaving Detroit, and while I would like to retain you in my employ, you must be more civil, or I shall discharge you on the spot, even if you have a dozen children to support."

"I must have your ticket or your money," said the official.

"Consider yourself discharged!" roared the man.

He was left on the track between two stations. He sat down on a log to pin his paper collar on, and his last words as the train moved off, were:

"Gentlemen, this outrage will make this country shudder from Maine to Texas."

Reading's Poetic Lawyer.

As we plod along the unsprinkled highway of life, it is refreshing to find, here and there, among the dry bundles of utility an unextinguished spark of poetic fire. Such is the case as, wandering along Court street, we pass the office of a disciple of Blackstone, from whose fervid soul all the dry details and unpoetic subtleties of the law have not succeeded in driving the muse, as is evidenced by the poetic and rythmic notices, which, tacked upon his door, inform his devoted clients of his whereabouts.

For instance, when he is in the office and ready for clients and their fees, the following, neatly engrossed on card board, hangs upon his door:

"Dear stranger, if you need advice,
Here you can get it at the lowest price."

Lately when he was at Philadelphia doing the Centennial, the following couplet greeted the passer-by:

"Centennialward on swiftly flying wheels I'm borne—
But will return again on Monday morn."

When an ordinary lawyer would dryly say, "In court, call there," he gracefully puts it thus:

"In Justice's famous temple at present I abide,
Call there, if to my care a cause you would confide."

When attending the last session of the Supreme Court, his door thus grandly announced the fact:

"In Court of last resort my clients' rights I seek,
If you would thrive by my advice come round again next week."

Whilst reveling in the thoughts of juicy steaks and toothsome desserts, he writes, and the door announces:

"Unto my frugal noontide meal I've gone,
My face again you'll see at half-past one."

When stern duty calls him away to address a Sunday School, he gently reminds you that—

Man's time on earth is short, evil and few his ways,
He early must be trained to walk in wisdom's ways."

and then adds in prose:

"Gone to Longswamp to address a Sunday-school."

When occasionally contrary to the usually received traditions of his profession he presents his petition in an unexpected quarter, in the most approved long-metre he says:

"Banishing awhile this world of care,
I've hied me to the house of prayer."

When the dust of a fellow mortal, whose treasures upon earth are sad

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Sept. 8, 1876

THE SOLDIERS IN THE CAMPAIGN.

The Radicals are making a desperate attempt to unite the Union soldiers of the late war in favor of Hayes and Wheeler. That Carpet Knight Gen. Dix has issued a formal call for a Soldier's Convention, and undoubtedly such patriots as Ben. Butler, Col. Babcock, Gen. Belknap, and Gen. Schenck will be in attendance. But the soldiers who fought for the UNION—for PEACE will not be present.

Just previous to Custer's death, and soon after he had given his testimony before Clymer's Committee in regard to the robbery of the soldiers and Indians by sutlers and post-traders, Russel Erret, late Clerk of the Pennsylvania Senate, and now a Republican candidate for Congress from Pittsburg called Gen. Custer *"a coward, a poltroon, a brute and a circus rider."* The lamented Custer cannot answer the charge, but his old comrades who are to meet at the Soldiers' National Reunion at Caldwell, Ohio, on the 15th inst., have sent Erret the following invitation:

"Please have the kindness to answer completely to the soldiers of the Union, by letter if you cannot come, and by speech if you can come, this single question: "Why did you call the brilliant, brave and lamented Gen. Custer a *coward, a poltroon, a brute and a circus rider*, and demand his court-martial and degredation on the very eve of his tragic death? We desire to commemorate his name and patriotism and courage at the approaching reunion, and as you are a candidate for Congress, asking the support of Gen. Custer's late comrades-in-arms, it is very important that you should fully explain the reasons that led to make these remarks about the 'bravest of the brave," a comrade whom we all loved."

Brother ERRET can have the floor.

THE RIOTOUS FORNEY.

This modern political saint says:

"The Reform Democracy have delibrately planned to buy enough voters to carry the State in the October election. For this purpose $250,000 has been contributed by the great reformer who heads their ticket and his rich friends in the East."

Of course this statement is untrue; but why does not Forney censure that illustrious reformer, Zack Chandler, now Secretary of the Interior Department and Chairman of the Republican National Committee, for assessing the employees of the Government two per cent. on their salaries for the purpose of raising a corruption fund, and contrary to an Act of Congress?

And reformer Forney should also explain how he came by the $25,000 charged to him in the Pacific Mail Steamship business and how he chiseled the dead George O. Evans and the State Treasury out of the $2,000 which the witnesses swore he had received. 'Let him who is without guilt throw the first stone."

WHAT TILDEN WILL DO.

For straight out, barefaced campaign lies commend us to our Republican cotemporary. The editors may not know any better, but many of their readers do, and are naturally disgusted. We suggest the following item to them as being on a par with the matter they have been publishing, and just as true:

"When quite a youth Governor Tilden wrecked a railroad, roasted and ate his grandmother, aided Arnold to desert the British, and if elected President will marry Dr. Mary Walker and re-enslave the Hannibal Chicago zouaves.

In addition to the foregoing he will break open the Berks county jail, liberate the convicts, poison the water in the city reservoirs, set fire to our churches and blow up the Court House. The foregoing the *Eagle* suggests to the Republican organ grinders to charge against Governor Tilden.—*Reading Eagle.*

While Sitting Bull is resting on his laurels the Indians are returning to their reservations to claim the care and protection of the government and prepare for next year's campaign against the settlers of the frontier. The campaign has been a failure and a fraud. Its results may be briefly summed up in Crook's defeat on the Rosebud, the destruction of Custer's command, the increase of the army and the retreat of our troops. In the meantime the belief is universal through the west that the campaign against the Indians was deliberately planned in order to obtain an excuse for the increase of the army and the military occupation of the South. The farce which the administration attempted to enact in the Black Hills has turned into a tragedy to be followed by a still darker tragedy in which the good name and honor of the nation are involved.

Massachusetts.

WORCESTER, September 6.—The Democratic state convention met here this morning. Committees on permanent organization and credentials and platform were appointed.

A motion to nominate Charles Francis Adams by acclamation for governor prevailed in the democratic convention by a nearly unanimous vote.

The following is the full ticket: Governor, Charles Francis Adams; lieutenant governor, Wm. P. Plunkett; secretary of state, Edwin H. Lathrop; auditor, John E. Fitzgerald; treasurer, Weston Howland; attorney general, Richard Olney.

THINK OF IT.—The Republicans have collected taxes enough since the close of the war to pay the national debt twice.—They have reduced it less than five hundred millions. What has become of the balance? A great many Blaines, Schencks, Butlers, Babcocks, Belknaps and Robesons who went into public life poor are now immensely rich. Where did their riches come from? Instead of answering these questions they will wave the "bloody shirt" before your eyes and pour tales of bloody horror into your ears More plunder is what they are after.—*Augusta, Me., Standard.*

Jim Blaine almost instantly recovered his health upon the adjournment of Congress and is now announced for large numbers of stump speeches in Maine. This will no doubt be more agreeable to him than meeting Mulligan and Fisher before an investigating committee. It would seem as though Proctor Knott was as correct in his suspicion about his health as about the Caldwell dispatch. Knott evidently understands "Slippery Jimmy."

The current of politics in this campaign throws a doubt on that important, and, as was supposed final act of the war, the surrender by Lee to General Grant at Appomattox Court House. Lee being dead, the affair can't be done over again, and Grant's affidavit would hardly avail to convince some people of its truth, since the old war sores have been re-opened, in all their hideousness, to serve party purposes.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."

Words of ours cannot add force to the following eloquent words by that independent journalist—Col. A. K. McClure:

The nation must have peace! It is the first aspiration of every patriotic heart North and South, East and West. It comes up spontaneously from every business interest; from every mart of commerce, from every channel of industry, from every home of plenty and from every centre of want. It pervades the prayer of every sincere devotion, breathes its gospel in every faithful teaching, and has its altar wherever religion has a resting place. It is the demand of every maimed and scarred warrior who loves the country for which he offered his life, and the brave men of the blue and the gray, who made our battle-fields immortal to the heroism of the American people, would of face forever the estrangements of war, and welcome peace and brotherhood as the crowning victory of the noblest government of the earth There must be peace for the sake of peace.

The prostrated business of the country must have peace! The railing of the demagogue will fall like tuneless songs upon the widespread distress and bankruptcy and want which prevail throughout every productive industry and every channel of trade. Hate will revive no thrift; inflamed resentments will not break the silence of the mills; the bitter memories of the war will not bring comfort to breadless homes; the recital of the madness of the treason of a generation now half perished from amongst us, will call no idle sinews to requited labor; the horrors of Andersonville and of Libby,so fearfully avenged in the flood-tide of the passions of war, will whisper no words of hope to trembling credit, and the re-echoes of the violence of subjugated insurgents, uttered in the keen anguish of despair, will not for a moment stay the destruction that is sweeping over the paralyzed energies of the people. A convulsive campaign of studied appeals to sectional hate, cruelly mocks every suffering business man and every idle laborer in the land. It is the foe of capital and of industry. It consigns half the continent to misrule, robbery and desolation. It impoverishes the South, where there should be prosperity and generous tribute to our debt and and expenditures, and throws the whole burden of the government upon the North, now struggling almost hopelessly against universal prostration and embarrassment. It is war without a single manly attribute of war. It is wanton war against the earnest efforts of two mighty sections for peace. It is a crime against free government; a death-blow to every effort for restored prosperity, and if it shall triumph, the North and the South, once enemies, but now reunited by indissoluble ties, will be doomed to common misfortune. There will be pitiless poverty in all that gladdens and ennobles a people and a terrible plenty of all that divides and degrades them. There must be peace as the harbinger of prosperity.

More About that Four Hundred Dollars.

On the 22d of August, just passed, Chaplain Harper,accompanied by General Russel Hastings, General Thomas M. Turner and Major William McKinley, arrived in Columbus, Ohio, to consult with Governor Hayes about that dead deserter or dead bounty-jumper's four hundred dollars, which the Chaplain paid over to the Governor. Mr. Hayes stated that his recollection of the matter was very indistinct, the many things that had transpired in his life during the twelve years that have passed since then, having partly blotted the affair from his remembrance. He *did* remember the shooting of the man, however, but stated that if the Chaplain had paid him the four hundred dollars he was sure he must have turned the money over to the Judge Advocate, who sentenced the man, with instructions to have it paid back to the country which had paid it to the deserter, as the man was a bounty-jumper, and the money could be used to procure another soldier. But it appears that the man was *not tried by a court martial*, and and therefore there could have been *no Judge Advocate in the case*, for an officer who saw him shot states that the deserter was a fellow who went by the name of "Monkey," who had half a dozen aliases and was a well-known bounty-jumper, and that an order had been issued by President Lincoln that when caught he should be shot without ceremony. This being so, and no trial having taken place, there could have been no Judge Advocate in the case, and therefore Governor Hayes's vague supposition of how he might have disposed of the four hundred dollars becomes very intangible, indeed. It is curious that while Governor Hayes distinctly *remembers the shooting of the deserter*, his memory should be so greatly at fault in regard to the four hundred dollars! The connection between the execution of the man and the transfer of his greenbacks, by order of Gen. Hayes, from Chaplain Harper, to whose care the deserter had committed them for his mother, to the care of Gen. Hayes himself, was so intimate, that we do not see how the one could impress itself on the General's mind without the other doing it also. It is a very curious and a very queer thing indeed! Seems to us that had we been in the General's place at that time the transfer of money to our possession, caused by so significant and so melancholy an act, could never have been forgotten by us for one moment. Still, it is evident that General, now Governor, Hayes has a very defective and unreliable memory, as we have no doubt he has striven with all his might and main to remember what he did with the money.

This is how this matter stands at present, Governor Hayes having this far been unable to give a better or more satisfactory explanation. The gentlemen mentioned above were closeted with him the greater portion of a whole day, but his excellency, to save him, could not remember anything more than that which we have given above. This is very unfortunate, indeed, as we were in hopes that the Governor could show that he used the money to procure another soldier, the employment of which soldier was the main cause of the surrender at Apomattax Court House and the close of the "rebellion." But the Governor has thus permitted a splendid opportunity to show that *he* was the real conqueror of Lee to go by, and still the public are in doubt about that *four hundred dollars!—Bellefonte Watchman.*

Arkansas.

THE DEMOCRATS CARRY THE STATE BY 40,000 TO 50,000 MAJORITY.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., September 5.—Full returns from the election in this county have not yet been received. Both sides claim the county. But few returns from outside counties have been received. The vote generally was very full. The democrats claim the state by from 40,000 to 50,000 majority.

VERMONT ELECTION.

The returns from Vermont show large Democratic gains, though of course the Republicans carry the State. One hundred and sixteen towns give Fairbanks (Rep.) 27,702, and Bigham (Dem.) 14,499. The returns indicate a republican loss, as compared with Grant's majority in 1872, of 6,500.

Connecticut Democratic Nominations.

HARTFORD, September 6.—The Democratic convention to-day nominated the following ticket: For governor, Richard D. Hubbard, of Hartford; lieutenant governor, Francis B Loomis, of New London; secretary of state, Dwight L. Morris, of Bridgeport; treasurer, Edwin A. Buck, of Windham; comptroller, Charles C. Hubbard, of Middletown; electors at large, Governor Charles R. Ingersoll and Gen. William B Franklin.

The committee on resolutions reported a series, which were unanimously adopted.

BAD NEWS FROM OHIO.

A CHARGE OF PERJURY AGAINST GOVERNOR HAYES.

Forty-seven Thousand Dollars Withheld from Tax Assessors.

Oaths are but words, and words but wind,
Too feeble implements to bind.
—*Butler.*

TOLEDO, September 3.—The following appears in the Toledo *Sunday Democrat*:

We give below the sworn returns of Governor Hayes to the assessor of Fremont for the years 1874-75-76, of his property for taxation, listed by himself, obtained by our reporter from the records in the county office of Sandusky county:

RETURNS FOR 1874.

Statement of general property, moneys, credits, etc, subject to taxation in Sandusky county for the year 1874, belonging to R. B. Hayes and listed by R. B. Hayes.

Horses 1, valued at	$50
Cattle—2, valued at	50
Sheep—1, valued at	5
Pleasure carriages, wagons, etc.—2,valued at	75
Household goods, furniture of every kind gold and silver plate, china ware, jewelry, good, farming utensils, grain, wood, agricultural products of every kind, lumber, coal, wood, stone, steamboats, canal boats, or shares in such boats, and other articles of personal property not included in the foregoing or subsequent items of this statement	1 000
Total value of first seven items	1 180
Gold and silver watches—1, valued	2 00
Piano fortes	None.
Value of all moneys in possession or on deposit, subject to draft, demand, with banks or others	100
Values of credits, etc	None.
Bonds and stocks	1 000
Dogs (number must be sworn to; value must be stated, but need not be sworn to)—1	
Total value, all items	$3 381

The State of Ohio, Sandusky county: I, R. B. Hayes, do solemnly affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief I have listed or exhibited to the assessor all the personal property, money, credits, over and above my indebtedness, investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies or otherwise in my possession or under my control as owner or holder, or as husband, parent, guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, accounting officer, agent, attorney or factor on the day preceding the second Monday of April, 1874, which are subject to taxation under the laws of this state. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 22d day of April, 1874. R. B. HAYES.

JOHN BECK, Assessor.

RETURNS FOR 1875.

Horses—2, valued at	$300
Cows—2, valued at	50
Sheep—1, valued at	5
Pleasure carriages—valued at	250
Value of household goods of every kind, gold and silver, plate, chinaware, jewelry, books, farming utensils, grain, wool, agricultural products of every kind, coal, wood, stone, steamboats, canal boats, or shares in such boats, and all other articles of personal property not included in any of the foregoing or subsequent items of this statement	5 000
Total value of the first seven items	5 605
Gold and silver watches—2, valued at	50
Piano fortes	None.
Value of moneys in possession, or on deposit, subject to draft on demand, with banks or others	50
Values of credit, etc	None.
Dogs (number must be sworn to, value must be stated but not be sworn to) 5, valued at	25
Total	$5 180

[Here follows the formal oath of R. B. Hayes.]

RETURNS FOR 1876.

Statement of personal property, moneys, credits, etc, subject to taxation in Sandusky county for 1876 belonging to R. B. Hayes; listed by R. B. Hayes.

Horses, 3; valued at	$250
Cattle, 2; valued at	25
Sheep, 1; valued at	2
Hogs, 4; valued at	25
Pleasure carriages, wagons, etc	400
Value of household goods and furniture of every kind, gold and silver plate, chinaware, jewelry, books, farming utensils, grain, wool, agricultural products of every kind, lumber, coal, wood, stone, steamboats, canal boats, or shares in such boats, and all other articles of personal property not included in the foregoing or subsequent items of this statement	4 500
Total value of first seven Items	5 2 2
Gold and silver watches, 3, valued at	90
Piano fortes	None
Monthly average value of all goods and merchandise owned or held by me during the year or part thereof ending the day preceding the 2d Monday of April 1876—value of all moneys in possession or on deposit subject to draft on demand with banks or others	300
Values of credits, etc	None
Dogs (number must be sworn to value must be stated but need not be sworn to) 3	
Total value of all items	5 710

[Here follows the formal oath of R. B. Hayes.]

In publishing copies of sworn returns of Governor Hayes, of his property for taxation, commenting upon discrepancies, omissions and irregularities in his statements under oath, we in end to keep within the record and facts as can be shown by most irrefragible proof, as will be seen by reference to the return of Governor Hayes for 1874. He returned moneys, credits, book accounts household goods, &c., 1,000. The will of Sardis Birchard, who bequeathed R. B. Hayes fully $50,000 personal property was admitted to probate January 29, 1874, and as Governor Hayes was the executor without bond he became possessed of all the property devised to him by will at once. Birchard returned his personal property, exclusive of moneys, credits, notes, book accounts, etc., at $9,982 to the assessor, April, 1873. Governor Hayes, after having all Birchard returned, added to what he owned previously returned to the assessor of taxation April, 1874, all the personal property not included in the seventeen enumerated items, $1,000. Was this perjury?

In March, 1874, previous to making his return to the assessor, R. B. Hayes held mortages and notes against J. E. Amsden for $4,000, interest at six per cent., payable annually, due in 1878, also against Edwin Van Dorn, Martin Moriarty, Wm. H. Andrews and A. J. and Elizabeth Hale, amounting to $5,670, all bearing six per cent interest. He did not list this $9,671 for taxation although he had held notes since 1874 previous to making his return that year. R. B. Hayes returned gold watch $300, in 1874, in 1875 and 1876 returned three watches, including one returned in 1874, at $200. Was this perjury? R. B. Hayes did not return a piano in any one of the three years, although he had one in his parlor all the time, and it is the boast of his admiring neighbors that the one now in his parlor cost $800. Was this perjury? R. B. Hayes returned in 1875 and 1876 three horses, $300, when his neighbors know that he values one of his horses at $500. Was this perjury? R. B. Hayes returned in 1875 four carriages $250, when it was well known to many of the citizens of Fremont that he paid Mr. Moore, a manufacturer of that city $500 for them and had a platon that cost $350. Was this perjury? Thirty-three thousand seven hundred dollars were left in his hands in bequests in the will of Sardis Birchard, which Governor Hayes was not required to pay over for three years and upon which he paid no interest for two years, and he did not return a single dollar of this money for taxation. At least he only returned $300 in hand in 1876. Was this perjury? In order to make this matter plain, that there can be no question about it, we give from the will of Sardis Birchard names of devisees to whom the $33,700 was given and the amount bequeathed to each.

I give and bequeath each of my nieces, Mary Birchard, of Fayettsville, and Charlotte Dewitt, of Elyria, the sum of $5,000 each. I give and bequeath to Sarah Jane Grant, of Fremont, O., the sum of $5,000. I give and bequeath each of the four children of W. A. and F. A. Platt, viz: Laura, Fanny, Emily and Rutherford the sum of $2,500 each. I give and bequeath to each of the six children of Austin B. Tyler, deceased, late of Fremont, O., $2,000. I give and bequeath to Charles Birchard, son of my brother Austin Birchard, of Vermont, the sum of $200 per annum during his natural life. It is my will, and I hereby direct that my executors shall not be compelled to pay any of the sums of money given and bequeathed by this will until the expiration of three years after my decease, but interest shall be paid on the same two years after my decease."

It will be observed that in the oath which R B Hayes subscribed he swore that he listed all property which by law he was required to return as owner or holder or as husband, parent, guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, accounting officer, agent, attorney or factor. He held amounts we have given from the will devised by Birchard in his possession as executor, and made no return of any portion of money or personal property for taxation. Was this perjury?

The excuse cannot be made that he owed debts to this amount which were deducted, for he could not deduct debts from money or credits which he held in executive capacity. It was not his money. He simply had possession of it as executor, and was bound by law to return it for taxation. He did not do it, but swore all the same that he returned all that was required by law to list. Our reporter carefully searched records in the office of auditor, recorder and probate judge, and ascertained that no return was made by Governor Hayes or his co-executor. The fact that Gov. Hayes received into possession large amounts of personal property of Sardis Birchard, consisting of household goods, valuable paintings, plate, watches, etc., etc., all of which by law was taxable, and did not return it for taxation a more than one tenth of its value, and did not return it at all in 1874, either as executor or as his own property, which undoubtedly it was, is too clear to admit of an escape from the charge of evading payment of taxes. In attempting to explain the failure of Governor Hayes to return money for the payment of bequests in the will for taxation, it will no doubt be claimed that he had not yet realized money for the sale of the property. It is all to be paid this year, and if he has not all the money to pay over he undoubtedly realized some of it or has failed to execute the will. Two years and a half elapsed and no report to probate judge, as required by law, has been made either by Rutherford B. Hayes or his co-executor indicating the payment of any of the bequests, so that the presumption is that they are not yet paid.

CARPET BAG RULE SOUTH.

Our northern citizens have a faint idea of the terrible results of the management south where greedy carpet-baggers and ignorant negroes bear sway. The following communication gives a fit illustration:

TRENTON, JONES COUNTY, July 20.

Editor Newbern Democrat:

SIR:—I find on examination of the records and other sources, that at January term, 1876, of Commissioners' court of this county, a Mrs. Nancy King, (white and three children,) were let out at auction to the lowest bidder, and were bid off by a negro who can neither read ner write, at the price of $5.50 per month.

At the same term, a Mrs. Lucy Lockey, (white,) aged and blind, was bid off by another ignorant negro who can neither read nor write.

At April term, 1875, Samuel Wetts, (white and blind,) having a wife and several children, was bid off by a negro commissioner at $5.05 per month.

At the same time a white man named Alfred Davis, was bid off to another negro commissioner at $1.00 per month.

At April term, 1876, Samuel Metts, the blind man named above, was bid off by an ignorant negro at $4.50 per month.

At the same term, Alfred Davis, named above, who is afflicted with cancer, was bid off by a negro at $5.70 per month.

There were many others bid for by negroes, but were not bid off by them.

The Board of Commissioners consists of two white Radicals and three negroes. If you need any more testimony to corroborate the facts above stated, it can be procured by scores of witnesses.

Very Respectfully,

BENJ. ASKEW.

Gov. Hayes as a Perjurer.

People who live in glass houses should be careful how they throw stones at their neighbors The friends of Gov. Hayes, ever since the St. Louis nomination, have been persistently detaming Gov. Tilden. Their efforts in that direction have been of the most shameless and unscrupulous character.—They have not hesitated to apply to our candidate such terms as thief, perjurer, etc. All this has been borne in silence by Gov. Tilden and his friends, they well knowing that time would completely vindicate him, as time certainly has, for every charge that has been preferred against him has fallen to the ground as baseless, and to-day Gov. Tilden stands stronger in public estimation than ever before. The scoundrelly assaults made upon him have only served to strengthen him with the people, and have given him a fuller assurance of success than he has hitherto had.

Amongst other things charged against Gov. Tilden was that of having made a false income return. Than this a grosser falsehood could not possibly have been conceived. Yet, nevertheless, it has been iterated and reiterated until some weak-minded people have been led to put faith in it. As an offset to it, some inquiry into Gov. Hayes' income returns has been made, and the result has been a discovery which places the Republican candidate in a position from which he will find it difficult to extricate himself. The facts as alleged are of the most damaging character, and if sustained, as we are assured they will be, by incontestable proof, the party that has been throwing mud at the Democratic candidate will need to put up their shutters very speedily or have their windows smashed.—The sum and substance of the charge is that Gov. Hayes, as late as 1876, made a false income return, in which he swore that his taxable property amounted to only $5710, when it is well known that in 1876 he became the immediate possessor of $50,000 by the will of a Mr. Birchard, whose executor he was. While utterly deprecating all such proceedings, it is only fair to fight the devil with fire, and to give back as good as is sent. Now let us see what Mr. Hayes will have to say in reply to this wounding accusation.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

Editing a Paper.

Editing a paper is a very pleasant business. If it contains too much political matter the people don't believe it. If the type are too small, the people won't read it. If we publish telegraph reports, people say they are lies; if we omit them, they say we are an old fossil. If we publish original matter, they blame us for not giving selections; if we publish selections, men say we are lazy for not writing more, but give them what they have read in some other paper. If we give a complimentary notice, we are censured for being partial: if we do not, all hands say we are a greedy hog. If we write a eulogy in praise of the good deeds of the departed, the living feel slighted; if we speak of faults, they say we had better look at home. If we insert an article that pleases the ladies, all the men become jealous; if we do not cater to their wishes, the paper is not fit to have in the house. If we attend church, they say it is only for effect; if we don't, they pronounce us deceitful and desperately wicked. If we remain in the office and attend to business, folks say we are too proud to mingle with our fellows; if we go out, they say we never attend to business. If we publish poetry, we effect sentimentalism; if we don't, we have no literary or cultivated taste. If the mail does not deliver our paper promptly, then they say we don't publish "on time;" if it does, they are afraid we are getting ahead of time. If we don't pay our bills promptly, folks say we are not to be trusted.

"Not even in the state of Kentucky can you find a man in any position whatever who was not engaged on the rebel side," said W. A. Wheeler in his mendacious St. Albans speech. To which "the Louisville *Courier Journal* replies, that the treasurer, the register of the land office, and the adjutant general of that state all served the cause of the union, and that ex-federal officers are circuit judges, prosecuting attorneys, and members of the legislature, and all put in office by the democratic party. Wheeler embodies the morality of the party which claims to be "the conscience of the nineteenth century."

Sitting Bull being now out of a job, it would perhaps be well for Secretary Cameron to engage his service in the prosecution of the Southern campaign.

Business in the oil regions seems to be improving. The price of oil has risen considerably, and new wells are being bored in localities that have been considered exhausted in the hope of increasing the production.

GENERAL NEWS.

Two men named Weeden and Walker fought a prize fight in New Jersey last week, and Walker died from the effects of his pummelling.

The trial of Allen C. Laros at Easton last week for poisoning several members of his family by putting arsenic in the coffee, resulted in a verdict of murder in the first degree.

William L. Hirst, an eminent lawyer of Philadelphia, died last week, Thursday at Bedford Springs. He was well known and universally respected.

Mr. Disraeli, the English Premier, has been raised to the Peerage under the title of the Earl of Beacons field.

It is proposed to erect a bronze monument in the public square in Wilkes-Barre to the memory of the late Judge Conyngham.

Eugenie, ex-Empress of France, has purchased a villa in Rome and will make that place her permanent residence.

The total admissions at the Centennial up to Wednesday were 3,775,877, and the total cash receipts $1,938,656.50.

A lot of negroes killed a man in Georgia last week, and were arrested and imprisoned for it. Send down a few regiments of soldiers to protect the colored people!

Barnum shows at Williamsport on the 14th.

Hon. E. L. Merriman, candidate for Congress in Luzerne county, died on Sunday morning last.

A good quality of anthracite coal has been discovered 10 feet below the surface of the ground, near Sherman, Texas.

The widow of Daniel Webster is still living, at the age of 85, with a relative near New York city.

The workingmen of New York have nominated James Gordon Bennet, Jr., of the *Herald*, as their candidate for Mayor.

No wonder soldiers are sent to the South. The negroes are deserting the Republican ranks by hundreds. In one Democratic procession in Mississippi there were over 525 colored persons.

The Republican State Convention in Colorado has passed a resolution demanding the protection of the National Government against the grasshoppers!

Official returns made to the bureau of statistics show, that during the year ending June 30, there arrived in the United States 22,572 Chinese emigrants, of whom only 259 were females. This number is an increase of 6,135 over 1875.

An effort is being made to divide California into two States, on the line of Santa Cruz county, giving fourteen counties in the South for the new State, with thirty thousand voters and a hundred millions taxable property.

The Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., has reduced the wages of all officers and employees from 10 to 30 per cent.

A bronze Statue of Wm. H. Seward has been placed in position in Madison Square, New York. It will be formally unveiled next month. The entire height is twenty feet, and the cost $25,000.

About 300 stone masons have been engaged to go from New York to Greenock, Scotland. This is something new, workmen going from this county to Europe.

Prince Frederick Charles, of Germany, has accepted the presidency of the German section of the exhibition of 1878, and the Prince of Wales that of the English section.

Salt Lake City, Utah, September 3. The property of Brigham Young has been attached to satisfy a judgment for $3,600 as alimony due Ann Eliza Young.

Jacob Stauffer, undertaker, residing between Shepherdstown and Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, wife and five children, were poisoned on Tuesday morning last with arsenic. They are in a very critical condition. This is the second time in a short time that poison has been unconsciously partaken of by the family. Suspicion points to a certain individual in Cumberland county as at the bottom of this poisoning.

St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, September 3. A destructive fire broke out here this afternoon and spread rapidly. In about two hours the entire business part of the town was destroyed. Six hundred houses were burned.

Pennsylvania has spent $8,000,000 for soldiers' orphans since the war.

124 out of 800 clerks, or nearly one-sixth, employed in the War Department at Washington were discharged last Saturday. Of course nearly, if not quite all were females, and among them some of the most deserving in the employ of the Government.

The Indian War.

ST. PAUL., Minn., September 4. A special to the *Pioneer Press* dated north bank of the Yellowstone, August 27, via. Bismarck, D. T., says the latest intelligence received concerning the movement of Indians leads to the belief that Sitting Bull's band of Unkapapas are trying to cross the Yellowstone and reach their proper hunting ground on the Dry Fork of the Missouri.

Acting on this belief, General Terry has divided the command, General Crook with his column moving eastward to the Little Missouri, following the trail leading from the Little Rosebud, while General Terry, with the Dakota column, has crossed the Yellowstone and marched north and east to cut off any parties moving toward Fort Peck.

It is confidently asserted that Sitting Bull fell in the battle of Big Horn. His brother it appears, came into Fort Berthold and gave a full account of his death.

From the description of the man who killed him Col. Reno says it is certain he fell by the hand of Captain Keogh, under whom the last desperate fight was made, as shown by the disposition of his battalion, which lay dead on the slope of a hill, drawn up in the shape of a V, as if in the act of resisting an effort to surround them.

Marriages.

DERR—WATTS.—At the Christian Parsonage, in Benton, on Tuesday, August 29th, by Eld. Chas. S. Long, Hon. Ivam Derr, to Mrs. Lizzie C. Watts, both of Jackson, Col. Co. Pa.

HACOCK—LEMMONS.—At the residence of the bride's father in Greenwood,on the 31st, ult by Rev. Nathaniel Spear, Mr. Isaac B. Hacock, to Miss Anna L. Lemmons, both of Greenwood.

Deaths.

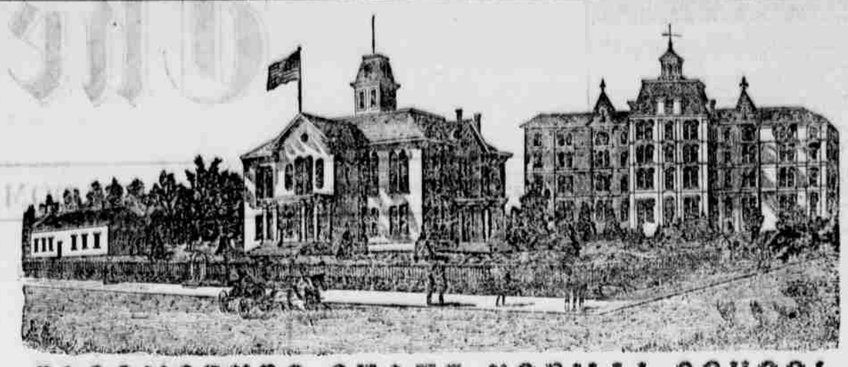
KASE.—In Benton Township, on the 26th ult., Miss Achsah E. Kase, aged 41 years, 7 months, and 8 days.

ALLEN.—In Greenwood, on the 30th ult., Mrs. Allen.

MENTZER.—In Greenwood, on the 31st, ult, Theodore, son of Theodore and Anna Mentzer, age 8 months and 5 days.

IKELER.—In Mt. Pleasant, on the 26th, ult., Mr. Wm. Ikeler, aged 80 years.

He was a prominent man in this region, having begun almost with the settlement of this county. He was a faithful and devote citizen, and a man of industry and perseverance. He was quiet and peaceful as a neighbor, and remarkable for promptness in all his business transactions. He and his companion have lived more than fifty years together to share each others trials and triuphs. His wife is several years his senior, yet comfortable for one of her age. For a long time he was a monument of patience and resignation. For more than a year he has been as helpless as a child, not long able to feed himself. He died in peace, trusting in God.



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

T. L. GRISWOLD, A. M., M. D. Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.
Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft, spring water.
Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.
Courses of study prescribed by the State:
I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.
Adjunct Courses: I. Academic, II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.
The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.
The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.
The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.
HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.
COL. J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.
Sept. 8, 76.-1y

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW—SAMUEL B. WILSON.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1 Robert F. Steel	14 Daniel B. Boas
2 George R. Bell	15 J. B. McCollum
3 Wm. H. Wright	16 P. W. Knox
4 Thomas E. Gaskill	17 John H. Uhl
5 John Morgan	18 Thomas Bower
6 J. A. Morrison	19 David Small
7 Col. O. Jones	20 Sebastian Wimmer
8 Wm. K. Hawk	21 James J. Haslett
9 Joel L. Lightner	22 John B. Guthrie
10 H. T. Trumbauer	23 R. M. Gibson
11 Geo. H. Rowland	24 David L. Morris
12 John Snyder	25 H. H. Brown
13 J. B. McCamant	26 Thomas W. Grayson
	27 Benjamin F. Morris.

County Officers.

STATE SENATOR,
CHARLES G. BARKLEY,
of Bloomsburg.
[Subject to Senatorial Conference.]

REPRESENTATIVES,
E. J. McHENRY,
of Fishingcreek.

DAVID S. BROWN,
of Main.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
F. L. SHUMAN,
of Catawissa.

ISAAC K KRICKBAUM,
of Benton.

SHERIFF,
JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
ELI ROBBINS,
of Fishingcreek.

Democratic Standing Committee.

Beaver—Nathan Bredbender, Jr.
Benton—W. H. Smith.
Berwick—W. T. Snyder.
Bloomsburg E.—W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg W.—H. W. McHenry.
Briarcreek—Wm. Lamon.
Catawissa—E. M. Tewksbury.
Centralia—Manus McBrearty.
Centre—H. A. Schweppenheiser.
Conyngham N.—Niel Lenthan.
Conyngham S.—Peter Luby.
Fishingcreek—Frank Wolf
Franklin—Jacob Knittle.
Greenwood—G. W. Utt.
Hemlock—Wm. Girton.
Jackson—Wm. L. Manning.
Locust—Wm. H. Reinbold.
Madison—Conrad Kramer.
Main—W. T. Shuman.
Mifflin—D. H. Montgomery.
Montour—J. N. Gordon.
Mt. Pleasant—A. T. Ikeler.
Orange—Abraham White.
Pine—W. Karshner.
Roaringcreek—J. B. Klinger.
Scott—O. P. Ent.
Sugarloaf—E. S. Fritz.

Digest of Election Laws.

Polls open at 7 a. m. and close at 7 p. m.

WHO CAN VOTE.

Every male citizen, twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

1. He shall have been a citizen of the United States one month.

2. He shall have resided in the state one year; or, if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen thereof, and shall have removed therefrom and returned, then he shall have resided therein six months immediately preceding the election.

3. He shall have resided in the district where he intends to vote two months immediately preceding the election, instead of ten days, as formerly.

4. If twenty-one years of age, or upward, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months previous to the election, and paid at least one month previous to the same.

5. Foreign born citizens must have been naturalized at least one month before the election, and must conform to the requirements contained in section 4, preceding.

The election will be held on "the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November," being this year the 7th day of the month.

Friday, September 8th, is the last day for being assessed.

Saturday, October 7th, is the last day for securing naturalization papers.

Saturday, October 7th, is the last day on which taxes can be paid in legal time to vote.

The above dates should be carefully remembered and acted on by all voters.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.20
Rye "	.75
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats "	.30
Flour per barrel	7.50
Cloverseed	7.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.20
Eggs	.15
Tallow	.10
Potatoes	.30
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.13
sides & Shoulders	.12
Lard per pound	.12
Hay per ton	12.50
Rosewax	.25
Timothy Seed	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4-on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.50 "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 5.00 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.00 "

Have you tried Kirby's WildCherry Cough Balsam? A very palateable compound for the various affections of the throat and lungs it has been used with success, in seven cases of asthma giving instant relief and in many cases effecting a pernament cure. Price 50 cents per bottle and positively warranted to give entire satisfaction or money refunded.
Kirby's Magic Relief

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, SEPT. 8, 1876

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.45 A. M.	7.38 A. M.
Mail Train	7.39 A. M	4.50 P. M
Express Train	1.43 P. M.	11.53 A. M
" "	5.34 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.57 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.39 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

The Pennsylvania State Convention of Young Men's Christian Association will be held at Danville, September 21 to 24, inclusive.

Rev. John Bakewell D. D. of Cambridge Mass, will officiate in St. Paul's Episcopal Church on Sunday next at the usual hours.

The seats in the jury box in the court room have been provided with comfortable cushions. This will be appreciated by all who are summoned as jurors hereafter.

A lunatic from Glen City by the name of James Hasler has been placed in the county jail by the Poor Overseers of Benver township. He is as mad as a March hare.

Messrs, Marr, Riley and James of Ashland, Carter, and Thompson of Pottsville, Bryson and Murphy of Centralia are in attendance at court this week on important business.

RESIGNATION OF SURGEONS.—Dr. McLaughlin, of York, and Dr. Frey, of Glen Rock, have resigned thier positions in the State Lunatic Hospital, at Danville, to enter private practice at that place.

The attendance at court has been quite large during the week. It seems hardly probable that any civil cases will be reached this week, owing to the unusual amount of criminal business.

The Friendship Fire Company left for Philadelphia on Tuesday last to take part in the firemen's parade in that city on Wednesday. They were accompanied by the Bloomsburg Silver Cornet Band. They expect to return on Saturday.

Messrs. N. U Funk, L. E. Waller, and H. C. Bittenbender were admitted to practice in the several courts of Columbia county on Monday last. They are all young gentlemen of integrity and ability, and we are informed passed very creditable examinations. We wish them success in their chosen profession.

Soldiers who lost arms or legs in the army and receive $24 per month pension have not been entitled to commutation for loss of limbs Congress at its last session amended the law so as to give the class referred to limbs or commutation therefore. Applicants should apply to the Surgeon-General of the army.

A large Democratic meeting at the Opera House was addressed by Capt. Brockway on Monday evening, Sept, 4th. The Bloomsburg Band furnished music for the occasion. The speech was interrupted by frequent applause, showing that our citizens are becoming interested in the momentous questions of the campaign.

George Fetterman who stole a horse from Douglas Hughes, an account of which was published last week, plead guilty to the charge of horse stealing, in court on Tuesday. He was also indicted for stealing a number of other article at the same time, to which he plead not guilty. The jury called in the case did not agree with him, and convicted him of stealing a pair of boots. He was remanded to the custody of the sheriff to await sentence.

The Columbia county S. S. Convention met at New Columbia on Tuesday August 29, at 10 a. m. and adjourned on Thursday August 31, Rev. A. Houtz, Rev. Thomas and Aaron Smith were elected delegates to the State Convention. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Rev. D. J. Waller, jr; Vice President, Rev. N. Spear; Secretary, M. W. Nuss; Treasurer, H. C. Bittenbender; Executive committee, Revs. Dechant and Mitchel, and J. W. Harman.

THE IRON CITY COLLEGE,—Whose advertisements appears in another column of our paper, is an institution so well known and so thoroughly appreciated as to render comment unnecessary. For upwards of twenty years it has been the leading business college of the country; and it, to-day, affords advantages to young men and others desirous of acquiring a thorough business education, unequaled by those of any other institution in the United States. For particulars see circular.

POLE RAISING.—A large and enthusiastic crowd of people gathered at Geiger's on Saturday evening, and raised a fine hickory pole about 100 feet in length. Brief addresses were made by C. B. Brockway and Hon. J. G. Freeze. The attendance was larger than at the Republican pole raising, although the location was at a corner of the town, and no band was present, nor had any general notice been given. Bloomsburg is fully awake, and the Democracy here will more than hold its own.

TO THE UNNATURALIZED.

There are a considerable number of persons in this city who have not taken out their naturalization papers. For their information the following requirements are published:

First—Male persons who have served in the army and been honorably discharged are entitled to their citizens papers upon proving one year's residence in the United States and in the state where the application is made.

Second—Male persons who came to the United States under eighteen years of age, have been in the country five years, and in the state one year of the five, and are twenty-one years old, upon producing a citizen who will swear to the same, are entitled to citizenship.

Third—Male persons who have declared their intention to become citizens in a court of record, two years before making application for citizenship, when they have been in the United States five years (one of the five in the state), and are over twenty-one years old, and produce a citizen who will swear to the same, are entitled to citizenship.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The monthly meeting of the Town Council was held in the Council room on Wednesday evening, September 6th, all the members present. A petition for crossings in Scott-town was presented by A. Lewis, and on motion of Messrs. Holmes and Hagenbuch it was ordered that the crossings be put down. On motion an order for three dollars was drawn in favor of Jas. C. Brown; also an order is favor of O. A. Jacoby for cobble and crossing stone, amounting to $264.58. A bill presented by John Hicks for damages was referred to the Solicitor.

On Motion an order was drawn in favor of Bloomsburg Gas Company for $83,30. A crossing was directed to be put down on west side of West street across Third, provided there be sufficient funds. On motion, the street commissioner was directed to notify certain parties that unless their pavements be laid in ten days the Town will do it for them. On motion, the President of Council was authorized to secure a better pound for loose cattle, and to direct the Chief of Police and other officers to enforce the ordinance forbidding cattle to run at large.

Council adjourned.

SAD AFFAIR.—Howard E. Fink, aged between eight and nine years, and son of Wm. Fink, of Moreland township, was found, on Friday last at about 11 o'clock, in the horse stable, dead, having in playing, as is supposed, in company with a little sister about four years old, accidentally hung himself with a horse halter. This is certainly a most distressing affair, and the afflicted family have the sympathy of the entire community in this sad bereavement.—*Muncy Luminary.*

The Republicans held a meeting in the Opera House on Tuesday evening which was well attended, a large number of Democrats being on hand to hear what the administration party has to say for itself. Col. S. Knorr made a speech which was mild in denunciation, logical in its reasoning, and false in most of its premises. As it was not of the "bloody shirt" kind it did not elicit much applause. He was followed by Hervey E. Smith, Esq. The Buck Horn Band furnished music, and made quite a display on their entrance to town, drawn in Risewick's Band wagon by six horses.

(Communicated.)

A sad accident occurred at Mr. Samuel Drum's in Main township on Wednesday Aug. 30th. Two of his daughters had been washing in the morning. Their washing place is in the meadow by a small stream of water. They also had a fire in the open air. After dinner Emma again went to the washing place, stirred the fire and then commenced washing, but soon discovered that her clothes were on fire. Some of the family were still sitting at the table, and hearing her cries for help, they rushed out and saw her running towards the house enveloped in flames. But before they reached her, her limbs, and part of her body were literally roasted

Dr. Robbins and Son were summoned, but all human aid was in vain, and about 11 o'clock at night her sufferings ended in death. She was sensible to the last and her last words were, "Lord save me." In this sad bereavement her family has lost a dutiful daughter, and an affectionate sister, and her associates a dear friend, in whose memories she will ever be held most dear.

Her funeral took place Sept. 1st, at the Fisher Church, and was attended by a very large concourse of friends. Her funeral sermon was preached by her pastor Rev. G. B. Dechant in both German and English. Based on her last words, found in Mat. 14, Chap. 30th verse.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The September number of this sterling magazine has reached us, and we may say in general terms that it presents a table of contents not too oppressively solid for a season when the flesh is apt to be weak no matter how willing the spirit may be, and yet with a number of articles which will be found to repay the perusal of those who seek instruction as well as amusement even in their midsummer reading. First on the list is a long and interesting review of the "Life and Writings of Sante-Beuve;" and other noteworthy papers are those on "International Prejudices," with special reference to English and Americans; "A Lady's visit to the Herzegovinian Insurgents;" a pungent "Letter on Modern Warfare," by John Ruskin; "The Koran *versus* Turkish Reform;" a curious and suggestive "Autobiography of a Vegetarian;" and the second part of the "Sketch of a Journey across Africa," by Lieutenant Cameron. Besides these there are among the contents, "African Weather and African Scenery," by Lady Barker; "Lunar Studies;" "Mervaunec," by William Allingham; The Faust Legend;" "In Town," by Austin Dobson; "Harriet Martineau," by Thomas Hughes; "Nest-Building Fishes;" "A Song in Season," by Swinburne; and a brief biographical sketch of the Duke of Argyle, which is accompanied by a steel-engraved portrait. There are also additional chapters of "Her Dearest Foe," by Mr. Alexander, author of "The Wooing O't;" and copious and attractive Editorial notes on current Literature, Science, and Art. Altogether, the number is an excellent one.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 25 Bond Street, New-York. Terms $5 per year; Single number, 45 cents.

ABSTRACT OF DISCUSSIONS AT S. S. CONVENTION, HELD IN NEW COLUMBIA.

The Sunday School Association of Columbia County, held its annual Convention at New Columbia, opening in the morning of Tuesday, the 29th ultimo., and continuing through the two following days.

Too much importance cannot be claimed for such conventions, nor for the cause they represent.

The opening address by the President, was replete with earnest pleadings for the cause, on the ground that it is a part of Christ's Kingdom upon earth; and that our meeting as teachers was not only to obtain information, but to improve the organization and efficiency in our schools, by the interchange of mutual experiences and by mutual encouragement to greater diligence.

In the discussions that followed, there was much of sprightliness, intellectuality and solemn earnestness. On the question, *What is the Sundy School?* there was no clashing of opinions, though there was variety of expression and oviews. Some held that it was the nursery of the Church, from which are transplanted at proper periods the young plants into the Church itself. Others that it is the school of the Church, while he held that it is a portion of the Church itself, children are part of the family, always enjoying the rights and privileges of the same, and never separated from it. But all agreed upon the great end for which its instructions were imparted, and that children should be made to feel that the services of the Church are for them, while libraries should be of such character, that they would grow up with the consciousness that they are younger members of the Church. A just rebuke was administered to the spirit, with which some schools are conducted, where the main object appears to be the collection of funds for various objects, such as missions, education &c while the training of a holy life below, and its rewards in immortality are most completely ignored. One beautiful thought represented all teachers as preachers of the Gospel with their classes as their congregions. And the writer cannot but express his slight as the beautiful flow of thought with earnestness of manner that marked the outflow each one's argumentation. It would be unpalonably invidious to individualize where all seemed under the afflatus of a noble devotedness. The next topic was *The Mission of the Sunny school, its deficiencies and its relation to the Church.* The training of children for the service of God, as our secular schools prepare them for the ordinary business of life, in all its vaeties of form and character, is the great aim of its endeavors. To store the mind with the truth that sanctifies, and make it influential in the life so that as good seed sown in good soil, it may produce a harvest of regenerated virtue beneath the smiles of an approving God. It is urged by one of the speakers, who adduced his own experience, as collateral, that careful and prayerful seeding of the souls of children with the "truth as in Jesus," would be proof again the opposing husbandry of infidelity, Romism and hell. In many places the Sunday shool supplies the place of an absent minister, and thus proves the truth of the declaration, that "out of the mouths of babes and sucklin God has perfected praise."

The "deficiencies" were briefly spoken of, while the thi item of this topic was considered as disposed of under the first topic.

It is not the power of the writer to give an abstract of the remaining topics and discussions, but he will say that more profitable exercises, and greater exhibitions of talent and devotedness to the la of causes could not well be found. Hope for still higher improvement he leaves the bject for others.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The September session opened on Monday 4th at ten o'clock a. m. Hon. Wm. Elwell, and Hons. Iram Derr and M. G. Hughes associates on the Bench. While the reports were being made by constables, Judge Elwell called attention to the fact that it was a penal offence for Supervisors to neglect putting up sign boards.

On petition C. A. Shuman was appointed guardian of Rosella Shuman, bond in $300. Frank Rhoades approved as surety.

Milton Cox John K. Girton and Michael Walter were appointed tipstaves for first week.

Commonwealth vs. Alice Shellhammer, nonpros, allowed on payment of costs. Com. vs. Jos. C. Knittle Recognizance of defendant and A. S. Knittle in $600 for appearance of defendant at next session. Frederick Smith was allowed to become a citizen of the United States, and sworn as such.

On petition, Peter Oberdorf was appointed guardian of Calvin J. Miller and Martain McAlister approved surety in $400 bond.

Philip Sponey resigned as constable of Briar Creek Township, and John W. Gordner appointed to fill the vacancy.

On application Buell Fuller was sworn and discharged under the Insolvent law.

Auditors Report making distribution of the fund arising from the sale of personal property of William Peiffer confirmed nisi.

Auditors Report making distribution in the estate of Elizabeth Roach, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Auditors Report making distribution in the estate of Jonathan Rishel deceased, confirmed nisi.

Auditors Report making distribution in the estate of Lavina Hutchison deceased, confirmed nisi.

The report of viewers in favor of a road in Bloomsburg and Scott Township confirmed nisi.

Report of a road view locating a road near Paul Zaner's, confirmed nisi.

Com. vs. William Walp, Assault and Battery. Grand jury return a true bill.

Report of sale in the estate of George Kressler deceased confirmed nisi.

Partition awarded in the estate of Elias Wilkinson.

In the matter of the assignment of N. Kostenbauder, report of sale confirmed nisi.

Report of a road view in Centre twp., near Alem Whitenight's, confirmed nisi.

Petition for citation awarded in the estate of Jacob Boston, deceased.

On petitition, John F. Fowler was appointed guardian of Samuel Renn. R. F. Lyons approved surety in $400 bond.

Return of inquest in the estate of David Davis, deceased, confirmed nisi.

Com. vs. Thomas Benson. Larceny. Grand Jury return a true bill,

Sarah Hill vs. John Hill. Subpœna in divorce ordered.

Allen Shellhammer vs. Elizabeth Shellhammer. Petition in divorce, Subpœna awarded.

In the estate of Deborah Richard order of sale continued.

Petition in Lunacy of Elizabith Hoffman. Inquest ordered.

On application of H. C. Bittenbender Nevin U. Funk and Levi E. Waller for admission to the Bar as attorneys. E. H. Little, E. E. Orvis and A. C. Smith were appointed a committee to examine the applicants.

September 5th 1876 on Report of committee and motion of A. C. Smith the above named gentlemen were ordered to be sworn and admitted as attorneys to practice in the several courts of Columbia county.

Return of Inquisition in the estate of Benjamin Rozelle deceased confirmed nisi.

The following accounts were confirmed nisi: Account of Trustee under will of Geo. Hidlay, dec'd. Account of Trustee of Mary Brobst and account of Committee of Sarah Pegg.

Return of Inquest in the estate of Mary Foust confirmed nisi.

Report of road in Beaver township against a road, confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers of a site for a bridge over Little Fishingcreek, confirmed nisi.

J. Bachman, Mayberry Snyder, Gera Hower, Jacob Harner, John Eveland and Isaiah Yeager were appointed viewers to inspect a bridge in Locust twp. near Wm. Wilsons.

Com. vs. Geo. Fetterman, Larceny. A true bill returned by Grand Jury. Also a true bill against same for horsestealing.

Thomas Benson on being arraigned for larceny pleaded guilty.

Geo. Fetterman plead guilty to charge of horse stealing, and not guilty of larceny. The jury convicted him of larceny.

William Dawson, William Lilly, Edward J. Townsend, Samuel Hazeldine, William Shannon Jr, Charles Hess, John Gallighan, Thomas Sullivan, Morgen Samuel Sr, Allen Rodgers and Simon Guynon were sworn and admitted to citizenship.

On petition Mary Lewis was appointed guardian of minor children of Edward Lewis deceased, bond in $500, John Hooper approved as surety.

Com. vs. Henry Landon. Charged with Fornication and Bastardy. Grand Jury return a true bill.

Alias order of sale granted in estate of P. McClosky, deceased.

Sale ordered in estate of Edward Lewis, bond in $1500. I. W. McKelvy approved as security.

Samuel Reinbold, Wm. Levan and Daniel Morris were appointed viewers of a road in Catawissa, near Theodore Schmick's.

Alfred Eck, C. E. Margerum and Daniel Walter appointed viewers of a road in Montour twp. near John Leiby's.

Isaiah Hower, Herman Fahringer and Samuel Camp appointed viewers of a road in Roaring creek near Elias Helwig's.

Return of Inquest in estate of John Mensch deceased confirmed nisi.

Same in estate of Jonas Helwig.

Report of road in Mt. Pleasant near Geo. B Thomas, confirmed nisi.

Report of sale in estate of Michael Beagle deceased confirmed nisi.

Inquest awarded in estate of Emanuel Conner and Catharine Connor.

John K. Grotz, Joshua Fetterman and Charles King, appointed viewers of a bridge in Hemlock & Montour twps.

Com. vs. Milton Charles, charged with aggravated assault. A true bill.

Com. vs. Richard Griffis. Desertion. Defendant brought into court, and after hearing recognizance taken in two hundred dollars to appear at next session he to support his wife and child or pay three dollars per week from Oct. 1st 1876.

Com. vs. Thos. Gerity and Edw. McCormick charged with larceny. A true bill.

Report of sale in estate of Jacob Harris confirmed nisi.

Auditors report making distribution in estate of Wm. F. Sonder deceased confirmed nisi.

Report of sale in estate of N. Overdorf deceased confirmed.

Com. vs. Joseph R. Vanderslice, charged with larceny. A true bill.

Com. vs. Michael Stackhouse, charged with selling unwholesome food, true bill.

Levi Kinley vs. N. L. Campbell Smith & son for plaintiff, Robison for defendant. On trial.

Coal Mines Caving In.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 6.—The people in the vicinity of Centralia are greatly excited over the caving in of some ground in the lower part of the town, it being completely honey-combed; the surface continued to crack and crumble and show signs of weakness generally. The ground above Gorrel & Co.'s mines is slowly settling down and the miners have all refused to stay in the mines.

If your tongue is coated or if you have a bad breath take a dose of *Dr. Bull's Pills.* Price 25 cents.

Business Notices

Important to Centennial Visitors.

If you are going to see the Centennial Exhibition with your wife and children, write to Bolton's Washington Hotel on Chestnut street above Seventh, Philadelphia, and give the number of grown persons and children in your family and how long you propose to stay and get their prices.

If you are going with a party, society or lodge, do the same.

Washington Hotel with a wide Chestnut street front, only charges $9.00 per day, and $2.50 for supper, lodging and breakfast; and the Branch of the Washington, on the European plan, on Seventh street near Chestnut, only $1.00 for room, and there you can get a good meal for fifty cents if you desire it, or you can get your meals anywhere else you choose. Aug. 4-6w

Largest lot of Fancy Writing Paper in this county at G. A. Clark's.

New goods this week at Marr's.

Running off coarse Boots at cost at I. W. Hartman's.

SELLING AT COST.—Don't forget that the time closes on Saturday evening at E. M. Knorr's.

The largest line of Slippers is at McKinney's.

A full line of Green and Black Teas, of all qualities and prices at Russell's.

Machine needles and oil at Marr's.

Chickering Steinway Mathushek & Haines Bro., Pianos at Thomas Music Store Danville. July 21.-4w

McKinney's is headquarters for all kinds of boots and shoes.

A new lot of Men and Boys' Hats this week at Marr's.

A new lot of Pocket Books at G. A. Clark's.

Cashmeres and Alpacas in large lots at I. W. Hartman's.

Mason's Fruit Jars and Jelly Tumblers at M. M. Russel's.

Ladies' French Kid Button Shoes, all widths and sizes, at McKinney's.

Choice Timothy Seed at I. W. Hartman's.

All first class dressmakers use Butterick & Co.'s Patterns. Sold by Marr.

Syrups and Molasses at prices to suit the times at M. M. Russell's.

Sheet Music, Music Books and Musical Instruments generally in endless variety at Thomas Music Store, Danville. July 21.-4w

Men's Lasting Boots very cheap at McKinney's.

Six good second-hand Pianos for sale a G. Thomas Music Store, Danville, ranging in prices from $125, to $250. July 21.-4w

G. A. Clark sells King's Specks, which are the best. Every pair warranted.

2000 yards of Muslin to arrive this week at I. W. Hartman's.

A full line of Tobaccos, at wholesale and retail at M. M. Russell's.

Splendid Ham and Cheese at Marr's.

Mason & Hamlin, Geo. Woods, and the Celebrated Standard Organs at Thomas Music Store, Danville. July 21.-4w

REDUCTIONS IN COAL.

EXCELLENT TIME TO FILL YOUR COAL BINS.

C. W. Neal & Bro. offer their superior coal at the following extremely low prices viz:

No. 2, 3, & 4,	$3.80	per ton on wharf,	$4.15	del.
" 5,	3.30	" " "	3.65	"
" 6.	2.25	" " "	2.60	"
To limeburners,	$2.00	per ton on wharf.		
Blacksmith's lump,	3.80	" " "	"	
Blacksmith's bituminous,	5.00	" " "	"	

20 cents for delivery of one-half ton or under They will fill up coal-houses at $3.50 per ton for No. 5 delivered, and $4 per ton for No. 4, delivered. All prompt cash.

THE ONLY SURE CURE FOR RUPTURE.—The oldest and best hernia surgeons in the world are some of the advantages offered by the Triumph Truss Co., 234 Bowery, N. Y., whose truss and supporter were awarded the medal at the late session of the Great American Institute Fair. Send 10 cents for their new book. March 24 '76 y1

COAL. COAL

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of

Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

AN HISTORICAL FACT.—Every agent who has been steadily selling the Improved $20 Home stead Sewing Machine for three years, owns his dwelling house, has a good account in bank, is clear of debt, and has money at interest.—the natural consequence of securing a good agency for superior goods at the lowest prices. A good first-class Sewing Machine, most useful—reliable at all times, easy to understand and control, the same size and does the same work as any machines that sell at four times the price. There is no machine at any price better, or that will do finer or more work, and certainly none so low in price by many dollars. The Homestead is widely known and used in thousands of families in the Eastern and Middle States, and daily becoming popular in the West. It will save its cost several times over in one season, doing the work of the family, or will earn four or five dollars a day for any man or woman who sews for a living. It is the strongest machine made, is ready at all times to do its work, makes the strongest and finest stitch yet invented, and is fully acknowledged as the Standard Family Sewing Machine. Price, complete for cash, $50, delivered at your door, no matter how remote you may reside. Business permanent and honorable, with more certain and rapid sales, and larger profits than any other. Extraordinary liberal offers made to local or traveling agents where we have none established; or, if there is no agent near you, send your order direct to the factory. Address John H Kendall & Co., 630 Broadway, New York.

May 5, 76 1y.

Rupture cured in from 30 to 90 days by the Triumph Truss Co., of 234 Bowery, N. Y., who offer $1,-000 for a rupture they cannot cure. See advertisement and cut of Truss in another column. Send 10 cents for descriptive book of Triumph Rupture-ure. March24, 76-1y

Caution.

Beware of preparations bearing similar names. Examine the bottle carefully before purchasing, and be sure you get Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, having the signature of "I Butts" on the wrapper. 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

From L. B. Herbs, Esq., of Lewisburg Pa.

"Several years since my wife was taken with a severe cold, and for two years following was afflicted with a severe cough and pain in the breast, during which time she tried many different medicines without any beneficial result, and finally became so weak and debilitated that for six weeks she was confined to her bed, with but little hope of her recovery. As a last resort we gave your Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry a trial with the most gratifying result. Although her cough had become so violent and distressing that she was unable to rest a single hour, yet before she had taken the Balsam three days she slept well all night, and before one bottle of the medicine was exhausted the cough had entirely left her. Since then we have used the Balsam in our family with efficacy in all diseases of the lungs. I have recommended it to our neighbors in all cases of Coughs, Colds, &c., with the same result. I believe it to be the best remedy known for all Lung diseases, and heartily recommend it to the public, feeling sure that all who try it will agree with me."

METHODS POINTS

METHODS OF BUSINESS POINTS OF ADVANTAGE

IN THE PURCHASE OF

CLOTHING

—AT—

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OAK HALL,

To which we Invite the Interested Attention and Careful Scrutiny of

—THE PURCHASING PUBLIC.—

METHODS:	POINTS:
WE have but One Price for All.	ONE Price means of necessity the Lowest Price.
WE receive Cash Payment from All.	CASH saves expense of collections and losses from bad debts.
WE give a Guarantee protecting All.	THE Guarantee protects the buyer who may not be a judge of goods.
WE Return Money when we cannot suit All.	We rely on immense sales and are satisfied with a very small percentage of profit.
WE buy our goods at first hands, in immense quantities, and at the lowest prices for Cash.	IT is easy to buy of us, since all are treated alike, no one getting favors that are denied to others.
WE manufacture with extreme care every garment we sell.	DICKERING and debate are done away by us, everybody gets our best without having to ask for it.
WE inspect every yard of goods that goes into our garments.	OUR large experience, capital and facilities we use for the people's benefit in lowering prices.
WE put a ticket on every garment, showing plainly its quality and price.	WE fill orders received by mail from all parts of the United States. Write for particulars.
WE cut off every item of unnecessary expenditure.	NOT a particle of risk run in buying of us. A child may buy as cheaply as a man.
WE employ first-class workmen in every department.	
WE give satisfaction to every purchaser or return the money.	

In addition to our Immense Stock of Ready-Made Clothing, we have a Magnificent Line of Men's and Boy's Furnishing Goods, Shirts (of our own make) and Underwear, all at the Very Lowest Prices.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
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PHILADELPHIA.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

OF

STANDARD MANUFACTURE

The Largest Assortment!
The Best in Quality!
The Lowest in Prices!
The Easiest Terms!

YOU WILL FIND AT

COMER THOMAS' MUSIC STORE.

147 MILL STREET,

DANVILLE, PA.

July 21, '76.-3m.

WHOLESALE DRUG EMPORIUM.

Corner Main and Market Street

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been engaged in the

WHOLESALE DRUG

business for the past eight years would call the attention of country dealers to their large and varied stock.

They defy competition by any house in or out of the large cities.

Their stock consists of Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Where may be found a large stock of Surgical Instruments, Sponges, Chamois, Colognes, Perfumery and in fact everything kept in a well regulated retail Drug Store.

They are also Sole Manufacturers of the celebrat e

OIL OF GLADNESS.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

MOYER BROS.

May 19, '76.-tf.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO.'S

and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y., or MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio. May 12, '76—1y.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

All kinds and prices.

GREEN TEA AND BLACK TEA.

AT

J. H. MAIZE'S

MAMMOTH GROCERY.

Corner Main and Center Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Oct. 8, 1875.-tf.

GEORGE A. CLARK,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depositary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy MILLER BROS.'

and save one-third the cost of CHEMICAL PAINT painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address MILLER BROS, 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio. N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 103 Chambers street, N. Y. May 19, '76—1y.

The Latest and Best.

"LET MY NAME BE KIRBLY SPOKEN," a beautiful song and chorus by H. P. Banks. Mailed postpaid for 35 cents by

WM. H. BONER & CO.,
Music Publishers and Dealers,
1108 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

June 9-13w.

BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, POSTERS, &C., &C., Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

25 FANCY CARDS 11 styles with name 10 cts. Agents wanted. J. B. Husted, Nassau, N. Y. Sep. 1, '76, 4w d

AGENTS If you want the best selling article in the world and a solid gold patent lever watch, free of cost, write at once to J. BRIDE & CO., 707 Broadway, N. Y. Sep. 1, 4w d

$15 FOR $1 Twenty brilliant 9x11 chromos, with elegant folio, Ft. Henry, Snow-Storm, Gold-Fish, Fruit, and other popular chromos, each 9x7 feet long, only 50 cents each. NATIONAL CHROMO CO., Phila. Sep. 1-4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT CENTENNIAL BOOK.

Immense sales. IT PAYS. Send for Circular. Sep 1-4wd P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Phila.

FARMS with fruit and improvements at your own FARMS figures. Catalogue, with maps and photo-FARMS graphic illustrations, telling all about FARMS Maryland and Delaware, sent free. FARMS J. F. MANCHA, Easton, Md. Sep 1-4wd

AGENTS WANTED! Medals & Diplomas Awarded for HOLMAN'S NEW CENTENNIAL BIBLE. 1800 Illustrations. Address for new circulars, A. J. HOLMAN & CO., 950 Arch St., Phila. Sep 1-4wd

TILDEN & REFORM! Now ready for agents. The National Hand Book for voters, with life of Tilden & Hendricks, and an expose of frauds. 500 pages. Illustrated. 50 cts will secure outfit and territory. Nine a month made. E. B. TREAT, Pub., Philadelphia. Sep 4-1wd

PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cts., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian oracle, dreams, hints to ladies, wedding-night shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pubs., Phila. Sep4 4wd

$50 to $200 a month for agents.

UNIVERSAL HISTORY.

The great interest in all nations and in our own thrilling history of 100 years makes this book sell faster than any other. 3 books in one beautifully illustrated. Low price, quick sales, extra terms. Send for circular. J. C. MCCURDY, Philadelphia, Pa. Sep 4-4wd

AGENTS WANTED to sell the New Book EVENTS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL AND THE CAMPAIGN OF 1876.

Just the book for the times. Gives a full history of the National Capital and Government. Shows how the government has been managed since its organization. Explains how jobs are put through Congress. Gives a full history of the Whisky Frauds, Belknap and other Scandals. It gives the lives of Tilden, Hendricks, Hayes and Wheeler. Grand chance for agents. Address C. C. WICK & CO., Cleveland, Ohio. Sep 4-4w d

REMOVAL—200 Pianos & Organs at MANUFACTURERS' prices. The Subscribers will sell their Entire Stock of Pianos and Organs, new and second hand, sheet music, music books, and merchandise, at very near cost prices DURING SEPTEMBER previous to removal to their new store 40 EAST 14TH ST., UNION SQUARE, OCT 1ST. Illustrated Catalogues Mailed. Agents Wanted. Special inducements to THE TRADE. HORACE WATERS & SONS, Manufacturers and Dealers, 481 Broadway, N. Y. Sep 4-4wd

To Agents or any who need Work.

THE BIG BONANZA THE SILVER VOLUME.

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$250 Reward for an incurable case. DR. J. P. FITLER, being sworn, says: I graduated in 1838, appointed to Professor's chair 1859; have devoted 40 years exclusively to Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Kidney and Liver diseases. I guarantee J. P. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy, Kidney Cordial, and Liver Pills, a permanent cure, or will refund money. Pamphlets, References, and Medical advice sent by mail, gratis. Address Dr. Fitler, 48 S. Fourth, Phila. Medicines at Druggists. July 21, '76.-tf. b & w

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SHERIFF'S SALE!

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias to the Sheriff of Columbia county directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1876,

At one o'clock p. m. the following real estate situate in Centre township, Columbia County, Pa., all that certain messuage or lot of land in the village of Stoneytown, bounded and described as follows:

North by main road, from Bloomsburg to Berwick, east by Mill street, south by an alley, west by lot of Sage Mack, being one-fourth of an Acre, or less on which are erected a two story

FRAME HOUSE AND STABLE,

Also, one other vacant lot in the above named place, bounded north by north branch canal, east by lands of Philip Harris, south by Susquehanna River, west by Elizabeth Clark, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less.

No. 3. Also one other lot bounded north by said canal, east by land of Mrs. Creasy, south by river, fourth of an acre, more or less, whereon is erected a one and a half story

Frame House.

No. 4. Also one other lot, bounded on the north by north branch canal, east by lands of Frosa Behrs, south by the Susquehanna River, west by other lands of Samuel Letterick, containing one-half an acre, more or less, whereon are erected a frame

GROCERY STORE HOUSE and FRAME STABLE.

Also Lot No. 5, bounded north by north branch canal, south by Susquehanna River, west by I. W. Wooley, east by other lots of S. Letterick, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less. Also erected a one and a half story house.

Also Lot No. 6, bounded south by lands of I. W. Wooley, west by a road, north by Bloom street, east by lands of I. W. Wooley, containing two and a half acres, be the same more or less, where

Miscellaneous.

How Tom Sawyer got his Fence White washed.

(From Mark Twain's unpublished book, "The Adventures of Tom Sawyer.")

Tom Sawyer, having offended his sole guardian, Aunt Polly, is by that sternly-affectionate dame punished by being set to whitewash the fence in front of the garden. The world seemed a hollow mockery to Tom, who had planned fun for that day, and who knew that they would be the laughing stock of all the boys as they came past and saw him set to work like a "nigger." But a great inspiration burst upon him and he went tranquilly to work. What that inspiration was will appear from what follows. One of the boys, Ben Rogers, comes by and pauses, eating a particularly fine apple. Tom does not see him. Ben stared a moment and then said:

"Hi-yi! You're up a stump, ain't you?"

No answer. Tom surveyed his last touch with the eye of an artist, then he gave another gentle sweep, and surveyed the result, as before. Ben ranged up alongside of him. Tom's mouth watered for the apple, but he stuck to his work. Ben said:

"Hello, old chap; you got to work, hey?"

"Why, it's you, Ben; I wasn't noticing."

"Say, I'm going in swimming, I am. Don't you wish you could? But, of course, you'd druther work, wouldn't you? Course you would!" Tom contemplated the boy a bit, and said: "What do you call work?"

"Why, ain't that work?"

Tom resumed his whitewashing, and answered carelessly:

"Well, maybe it is, and maybe it ain't. All I know is, it suits Tom Sawyer."

"Oh, come now, you don't mean to let on that you like it?"

The brush continued to move.

"Like it? Well, I don't see why I oughn't to like it. Does a boy get a chance to whitewash a fence every day?"

That put the thing in a new light. Ben stopped nibbling the apple. Tom swept his brush daintily back and forth—stepped back to note the effect—added a touch here and there—criticised the effect again, Ben watching every move and getting more interested more and more absorbed. Presently he said:

"Say, Tom, let me whitewash a little."

Tom considered; was about to consent, but he altered his mind: "No no; I reckon it wouldn't hardly do, Ben. You see, Aunt Polly's awful particular about this fence—right here on the street, you know—but if it was on the back fence I wouldn't mind, and she wouldn't. Yes, she's awful particular about this fence; it's got to be done very careful; I reckon there ain't one boy in a thousand, maybe two thousand, that can do it the way it's got to be done."

"No—is that so? Oh, come now; lemme just try, only just a little. I'd let you, if you was me, Tom."

Ben I'd like to, honest Injun; but Aunt Polly—well, Jim wanted to do it, but she wouldn't let him. Sid wanted to do it, but she wouldn't let Sid. Now, don't you see how I am fixed? If you was to tackle this fence, anything was to happen to it"——"Oh shucks; I'll be just as careful. Now lemme try. Say—I'll give you the core of my apple."

"Well, here. No, Ben; now don't I'm afeared"——

"I'll give you all of it!"

Tom gave up the brush with reluctance in his face, but alacrity in his heart. And while Ben worked and sweated in the sun, the retired artist sat on a barrel in the shade close by dangling his legs, munched his apple, and planned the slaughter of more innocents. There was no lack of material; boys happened along every little while; they came to jest but remained to whitewash. By the time Ben was fagged out Tom had traded the next chance to Billy Fisher for a kite in good repair; and when he played out, Jonney Miller brought in for a dead rat and a string to swing it with; and so on, and so on, hour after hour. And when the middle of the afternoon came, from being a poor poverty-stricken boy in the morning, Tom was literally rolling in wealth. He had, beside the things I have mentioned, twelve marbles, part of a jewsharp, a piece of blue bottle glass to look through, a spool cannon, a key that wouldn't unlock anything, a fragment of chalk, a glass stopper of a decanter, a tin soldier, a couple of tadpoles, six firecrackers, a kitten with only one eye, a brass door-knob, a dog collar—but no dog—the handle of a knife, four peices of orange peel and a dilapidated old window sash. He had had a nice, good, idle time all the while—plenty of company—and the fence had three coats of whitewash on it! If he hadn't run out of whitewash he would have bankrupted every boy in the village.

"Take care of the pennies." Look well to your spending. No matter what comes in, if more goes out you will always be poor. The art is not in making money but in keeping it. Little expenses, like mice in a barn, when they are many make great waste. Hair by hair heads get bald; straw by straw the thatch goes off the cottage, and drop by drop the rain comes into the chamber. The barrel is soon empty if the tap leaks but a drop a minute. When you mean to save, begin with your mouth; many thieves pass down the red lane. The ale jug is a great waste. In all other things keep within compass. Never stretch your legs further than your blankets will reach or you will soon be cold. In clothes choose suitable and lasting stuff, and not tawdry fineries. To be warm is the main thing, never mind the looks. A fool may make money, but it needs a wise man to spend it. Remember, it is easier to build two chimneys than to keep one going. If you give all to back and board there is nothing left for the savings bank. Fare hard and work hard when you are young and you will have a chance to rest when you are old.

PAT'S EULOGY ON GENERAL BURNSIDE.—A gentleman in Washington reports for the Drawer the following colloquy he lately overheard in that city by two "scared veterans:"

Pat. "Jamie, did ye iver know General Burnside?"

Jamie. "No, I never had the honor."

Pat. "Well, he's the foinest gintleman in the worrald. Och, but didn't he set his heart by his soger boys! I mind me well whin I was in the ould bloody Sixty-ninth Rigiment, and at the furst battle of Bull Run. At the very furst volley we resaved from the inemy the gineral rode over like the divil to our rigimint, and stopped right in front me, and sez he to me, sez he, 'Corporal M'Quinn, are you hurt?' 'No, Sir,' sez I. Then, sez he to me, sez he, 'let the battle go on.'"

It went on, though our people didn't seem to take much interest in the fight.—Editor's Drawer, in *Harper's Magazine for September.*

Humorous.

An Indian man has just been neatly scalped by a stroke of lightning, and he speaks of it as a very wigged performance.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

"You are a nuisance. I'll commit you," said an offended judge to a noisy person in court. "You have no right to commit a nuisance," said the offender.

A patient recently complained to his physician that he stuffed him so much with drugs that he was sick a long time after he got well.

A Georgia man is suing another for pulling his nose. The latter thought it looked ripe enough to pick.

"Madam," said a gentleman to his wife. "let me tell you, facts are very stubborn things." "What a fact you must be," quoth the lady.

One white man can whip ten Indians, and for that reason there are never less than eleven Indians in a band.

"Mrs. Spinks," observed a boarder to his landlady, "the equal adjustment of this establishment could be more safely secured if there was less hair in the hash and more in the mattresses."

The turks are trying to compel the citizens of Bucharest to take an oath on the Koran, See here! Isn't it about time to give that Bucharest? *N. Y. Graphic.*

A young lady of Chicago, on returning from church recently, was asked what the text was, when she innocently replied, "Blessed are the dressmakers."

The letter "O" is called the most charitable of all the alphabet, because it is found oftener than any other in "doing good."

When she struck him over the head with a tin dipper for trying to kiss her, he called it "the tintinnabulation of the belle."

A girl was killed near Danville, Virginia, the other morning while milking a cow. If girls would only learn to play the piano and make worsted dogs such accidents would never happen.

"What! no more ammunition?" cried the captain of a military company, on a field day. "No; no more," replied his man. "Then cease firing," replied the officer.

It is not etiquette for young ladies to read the signs of ice cream saloons aloud when walking with young gentlemen.—*Worcester Press.*

A colored preacher, commenting on the passage, "Be ye therefore wise as serpents and harmless as doves," said that the mixture should be made in the proportion of a pound of dove to an ounce of serpent.

They served up a dish of stewed cat at a recent state dinner in China. These Celestials have been tending to purr-disin,' anyhow, for a long time past.—*N. Y. Com. Adver.*

A minister travelling through the West some years ago asked an old lady on whom he called what she thought of the doctrine of total depravity. "Oh," she replied, "I think it is a good doctrine, if the people would only act up to it."

Every cellar should be rejuvenated in the Spring. There are many ways of doing it, but the most popular is to take off your coat look around the apartment, declare the family is not safe another day with the cellar in such a condition, and then go down to the grocery and try and thing of something else.—*Dunbury News.*

"If there is anybody under the canister of heaven that I have in utter exerescence," says Mrs. Partington, "it is the slanderer, going about like a boy constrictor, circulating his calomel upon honest folks."

When you reflect that at picnics a hundred years ago it was the custom for the girls to stand in a row and let the men kiss them all good-bye, all this enthusiasm about national progress seems to be a grave mistake.

A colored preacher down South took for his text the words; "Though after my skin-worms destroy the body, yet in my flesh I shall see God,' which he divided into three parts as follows: First skin-worms; second, what they done; third, what the man seen after he was eaten up.

"Marie! what's that strange noise at the front gate?" "Cats, sir." "Cats! Well, when I was young, cats didn't wear stove-pipe hats and smoke cigars." "Times are changed, sir."—*Chicago Journal.*

When Franklin, printer and statesman, wished to marry, his wife's mother objected to the marriage, because there were then two presses in America and she thought there was not room for a third.

A greenhorn arriving in town, on his first visit, heard a boy calling "Oysters," and asked: "What's that?" "Oh, only oysters," said his friend. "Great stars!" exclaimed the verdant one, "do oysters howl like that?"

"Is it not time that you paid me that five dollars?" said a farmer to his neighbor. "Ta'n't due," was the reply. "But," said the farmer, "you promised to pay when you got back from New York." "Well, I hain't

Danbury has the champion patient boy. He comes from a chronically borrowing family. The other day went to a neighbor's for a cup of sour milk. "I haven't got any thing but sweet milk," said the woman, pettishly. "I'll wait till it sours," said the obliging youth, sinking into a chair.

A man never really understands the doctrine of total depravity till he has worn a pair of white pantaloons to a picnic and sat down on a plate of custard pie. An event of this kind will simplify a whole system of theology.—*Norwich Bulletin.*

A wag, who had wrapped a piece of cloth having the word "centennial" on it around an egg and then boiled it so that the word appeared plainly on the shell, sadly deceived a country boy who took it out of a nest where it had been placed, and exhibited it as a wonderful manifestation of the hen's intimate knowledge of the history of the United States.

"I've got another, my dear," said Mr. Dorkins as he hurried into the house. "If you were on the top of Trinity Church spire on the back of a goose, how would get down?" Mrs. Dorkins thought she'd jump down, slide down the lightning rod, fly down on the goose, fall down, and then gave it up.

"Why, if you wanted down, you could pick it off the goose," said Mr. Dorkins, exultantly.

What is Vegetine?

It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good sweet sleep at night. It is a panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep, as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

The following unsolicited testimonial from Rev. O. T. Walker, formerly pastor of Bowdoin Square Church Boston, and at present settled in Providence, R. I., must be deemed as reliable evidence. No one should fail to observe that this testimonial is the result of two years' experience with the use of VEGETINE in the Rev. Mr. Walker's family, who now pronounce it invaluable:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 Transit St.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In cases of chronic debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly pastor of Bowdoin square Church, Boston.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, pastor of the M. E. church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians; also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of the Rev. E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, as there is no doubt about the curative power of VEGETINE.

NATICK, MASS., Jan. 1, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your VEGETINE a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age; for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and was so far reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give us but the faintest hope of his ever rallying; two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him as he had not enough vigor to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him VEGETINE and from that time to the present he has been continuously improving. He has lately resumed studies, thrown away his crutches and cane, and walks about cheerfully and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where his limb was lanced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of VEGETINE, but lately uses but little, as he declares he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,
E. S. BEST,
MRS. L. C. F. BEST.

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

VEGETINE

IS SOLD BY

All Druggists and Dealers

EVERYWHERE.

July 14.-1m.

SIDDALL'S
Magnetic Soap.

The Cheapest Soap that can be used for the following Reasons:

1st.—One bar will go as far as two of any other.

2d.—Only half the usual rubbing being required, there is a saving of more than the entire cost of the Soap in labor alone.

3d.—The Clothes are made SWEET, CLEAN, and WHITE without BOILING or SCALDING, thus all injury to them is avoided. There is a saving in fuel and hard work, and the washing is done in about half the usual time.

It is also guaranteed under a penalty of fifty dollars not to injure the clothes or hands, and as one trial will enable any person to ascertain the truth of these statements, it would never pay the proprietor to engage in an extensive system of advertising and claim such decided merit for his soap unless he knew from positive experience that it would prove to be in every respect what is claimed for it.

This is also a superior Soap for SHAVING and TOILET purposes.

WARNER RHODES & CO.,
WHOLESALE FANCY GROCERS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Aug. 4 76—4m. H. C. & Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

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Warranted equal to any Potash in the market, and far superior to Concentrated Lye for all purposes for which it is used.

Put up in one pound metal cans, convenient for use in families for making hard and soft soaps, and for cleaning purposes generally. Directions for making soap, etc., accompany each can.

For cleaning type, presses, machinery, paints, softening water, washing sinks and fruit trees in the spring, it is unequalled for excellence and convenience of package. For sale by Grocers and druggists everywhere.

Visscher & Hall's Insecticide and Disinfectant Powder is valuable for the destruction of the potato bug, cotton worm, grasshoppers, mice, rats, roaches, insects, and vermin of all kinds. It is harmless to men and animals, and far cheaper than Paris green for the destruction of vermin. It is also invaluable as a DISINFECTANT, purifying the air in hospitals and sick rooms, and destroying the foul odors of sinks, cellars, stables, &c. Put up in one pound cans. For sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

VISSCHER & HALL, Manufacturers,
96 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Aug. 4.-3m

March 31, 76.-1y.

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PREMIUM MEDAL
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They employ a first-class Lady Surgeon. Terms moderate. Cures Guaranteed. The usual discounts to Patrons of Husbandry. Examinations Free. Orders filled by mail. Send ten cents for Descriptive Book, to Dr. C. W. H. BINGHAM,
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Mar. 24, 76.-1y.

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G. A. HERRING

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GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
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1st. A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR, with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements.

Aug. 11. 76.-6m

2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bane of rooms; being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,
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☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

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GROUND BONES,
ACIDS and CHEMICALS
FOR
FALL SEEDING.

Lower Prices,
Samples Sent Free,
Analysis Guaranteed.

EXAMINE AND CHOOSE
FROM THE FOLLOWING
Old Established Articles.

BAUGH'S
GROUND RAW BONES
Guaranteed Pure.

In bags on board of Cars at works at the following Cash Prices.

100 Tons and over,	$30 per Ton
50 " to 99 Tons,	31 " "
20 " " 49 "	32 " "
10 " " 29 "	33 " "
1 " " 9 "	34 " "

This Bone is Ground Pure; is not steamed or baked, and the solid bone has not been selected from it.

BAUGH'S

SUPHER-PHOSPHATE
Made from Raw or Unburned Animal Bones.
Cheap for Cash, and Cash only.

We are now selling our Raw Bone Super-Phospate on the following

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Ammonia, - - -	From 3 to 4 per cent.
Soluble and Precipitated Phosphoric Acid, - -	" 9 " 11 " "
Phosphate of Lime, rendered soluble, - - -	" 20 " 24 " "

At NET Cash Wholesale Prices to Dealers and Farmers, F. O. B. in Philadelphia, as the following Low Prices:

100 Tons and over,	$35 per Ton, 2,000 lbs.
75 " to 99 Tons,	36 " " " "
50 " " 74 "	37 " " " "
30 " " 49 "	38 " " " "
10 " " 29 "	39 " " " "
1 " " 10 "	40 " " " "

Standard of Quality Strictly Maintained

While we announce a reduction in the price of our RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE, we would respectfully represent to dealers and farmers that its standard of quality has been strictly maintained. The proportions of soluble and precipitated Phosphoric Acid, and Ammonia have never been higher than they are in the article we are now selling to our customers. This statement we make as a binding guarantee.

BAUGH'S
ACIDULATED
Phosphate Rock,
Twelve Per Cent. Soluble and Precipitated Phosphoric Acid.
We believe
Our Acidulated Phosphate Rock
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OF ALL KINDS,
Always on hand, and sold at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES
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LAND PLASTER

We grind only from extra quality of Lump, and our brand has given the highest satisfaction for the last two years.—Price as low as any.

Send for Price Lists and Circulars.

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SECURE AN AGENCY and $50 or $100 per week
"The ever ready and never out of order."
HOMESTEAD SEWING MACHINE $20
For Domestic Use.
With Table and Fixtures Complete, only $20.

A perfect and unequalled, large, strong and durable machine, constructed elegant and solid, from the best material with mathematical precision, for constant family use or manufacturing purposes. Always ready at a moment's notice to do its day's work, never out of order, and will last a generation with moderate care; easy to understand and manage; light, smooth, and swift running, like the well-regulated movement of a fine watch; simple compact, efficient and reliable, with all the improvements to be found in the highest priced machines, warranted to do the same work, the same way, and as rapid and smooth as $75 machines. An acknowledged triumph of ingenious mechanical skill, essentially the working woman's friend, and far in advance of all ordinary machines for absolute strength, reliability and general usefulness; will hem, fell, tuck, seam, quilt, bind, braid, cord, gather, ruffle, shirr, plait, fold, scallop, roll, embroider, run up breadths, &c., with wonderful rapidity; its neatness and ease, sews the strongest lasting stitch equally fine and smooth through all kinds of goods, from cambric to several thicknesses of broadcloth or leather, with fine or coarse cotton, linen, silk or twine. Gives perfect satisfaction. Will earn its cost several times over in a season in the work it does, or make a good living for any man or woman who desires to use it for that purpose; works so faithful and easy the servants or children can use it without damage. Price of machine with light table, fully equipped for family work $20. Half case, cover, side drawers and cabinet styles each at correspondingly low rates. Safe delivery guaranteed, free from damage. Explanatory pamphlets illustrated with engravings of the several styles of machines references, variety of sewing, &c., mailed free. Confidential terms with liberal inducements to enterprising energetic men, teachers, business men, traveling or local agents, &c., who desire exclusive agencies, furnished on application. Address John H. Rosdall & Co., 636 Broadway, New York.
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DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

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SACK,
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OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
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SHIRTS,
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FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

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GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

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HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

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